

No.P-251-E027/1  
DATE 2022-04

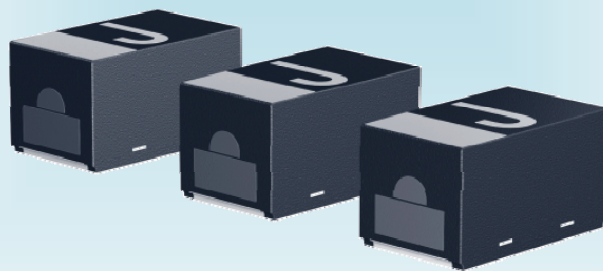
# PRODUCTS DATA SHEET

Face-down terminal structure

## TANTALUM SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR

**Type 251**

RoHS COMPLIANT  
LEAD FREE



Granted Patents

Japanese patent (No.3312246, No.3486679, No.5181236)

United States patent (No.6262878, No.6467142, No.8000086)

E.P.O patent (No.1061536, No.1061537)



**MATSUO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.**

## TYPE 251

To meet the users' demands for smaller and high-function portable information devices, we developed compact and low profile tantalum capacitors with appropriately designed mounting area for high-density mounting ahead of other companies. The capacitors are widely used in portable information and telecommunication equipment, such as mobile phones, smart phones, hearing aids and high functionally compact portable devices. The tantalum capacitors designed for high-density mounting will considerably contribute to miniaturization and improvement of performance of these portable multimedia devices.

## FEATURES

1. Using the face-down terminal structure makes it possible to design the land in almost the same size as the terminal. As the result of this, parts can be downsized, and the mounting area can be reduced to 1/2 to 1/3 of that required by conventional structures.
2. Type 251 in size 1005 to 3216L are applicable to a wide capacitance range from 0.47 to 330  $\mu\text{F}$ .
3. This type of capacitors is suitable for ultra miniaturized, such as DVC, DSC, SSD, smart phones, hearing aids and high functionally compact portable devices.
4. Case M (face-down terminal type 1608) and case S (face-down terminal type 2012) of this type are listed in the Surface Mounting Device-Outline Registration System of Electronic Device Registration Center of JEITA.
5. Lead-free and RoHS Compliant.

## APPLICATION CLASSIFICATION BY USE

The application classification by use which divided the market and use into four is set up supposing our products being used for a broad use. Please confirm the application classification by use of each product that you intend to use. Moreover, please be sure to inform to our Sales Department in advance in examination of the use of those other than the indicated use.

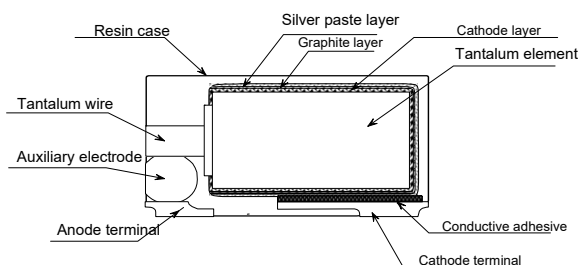
## RATING

Item	Rating	Remarks
Category Temperature Range (Operating Temperature Range)	-55 ~ +125°C	To be used at derated voltage when temperature exceeds 85°C (At 125°C, 2/3 × rated voltage)
Rated Temperature (Max. Operating Temp. at Rated Voltage)	+85°C	
Rated Voltage	2.0 ~ 35 VDC	See CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING
Nominal Capacitance	0.47~ 330 $\mu\text{F}$	
Capacitance Tolerance	±20%(M), ±10%(K)	
Failure Rate Level	1%/1000 h	To be used at derated voltage when temperature.

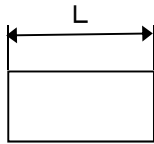
## ORDERING INFORMATION

251		M		4001		107		M		R		10S		500	
TYPE		SERIES		RATED VOLTAGE		NOMINAL CAPACITANCE		CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE		STYLE OF REELED PACKAGE		CASE CODE		SPECIFICATION NUMBER	
Marking	Rated voltage	Marking	NOMINAL CAPACITANCE	Capacitance Tolerance	Marking	Anode Notation	Reel size	Code	Case code	Max. height	EIA Code	Specification Number			
2001	2VDC	474	0.47 $\mu\text{F}$	±20%	M	Feed hole: -	φ180	R	06U	0.6	1005	Blanks or 500			
2501	2.5VDC	684	0.68 $\mu\text{F}$	±10%	K				09M	0.9	1608				
3001	3VDC	105	1.0 $\mu\text{F}$						10M	1.0	1608				
4001	4DVC	155	1.5 $\mu\text{F}$						09S	0.9	2012				
6301	6.3DVC	225	2.2 $\mu\text{F}$						10S	1.0	2012				
8001	8VDC	335	3.3 $\mu\text{F}$						12S	1.2	2012				
1002	10VDC	475	4.7 $\mu\text{F}$						13S	1.3	2012				
1602	16VDC	685	6.8 $\mu\text{F}$						09A	0.9	3216L				
2002	20VDC	106	10 $\mu\text{F}$						10A	1.0	3216L				
2502	25VDC	156	15 $\mu\text{F}$						12A	1.2	3216L				
3502	35VDC	226	22 $\mu\text{F}$						13A	1.3	3216				
		336	33 $\mu\text{F}$												
		476	47 $\mu\text{F}$												
		686	68 $\mu\text{F}$												
		107	100 $\mu\text{F}$												
		157	150 $\mu\text{F}$												
		227	220 $\mu\text{F}$												
		337	330 $\mu\text{F}$												

## STRUCTURE(TYPICAL)



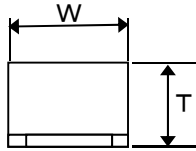
# DIMENSIONS



[U case]

(mm)

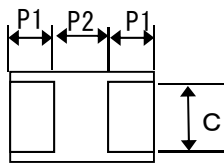
Case Code	Max. height	L ±0.05	W ±0.05	T ±0.05	P1 ±0.1	P2 ±0.1	C ±0.1
06U	0.6	1.05	0.55	0.55	0.3	0.45	0.4



[M case]

(mm)

Case Code	Max. height	L ±0.1	W ±0.1	T ±0.1	P1 ±0.1	P2 ±0.1	C ±0.1
09M	0.9	1.6	0.85	0.8	0.5	0.65	0.7



[S case]

(mm)

Case Code	Max. height	L ±0.1	W ±0.1	T ±0.1	P1 ±0.1	P2 ±0.1	C ±0.1
09S	0.9	2.0	1.25	0.8	0.5	1.05	0.9
10S	1.0	2.0	1.25	0.9	0.5	1.05	0.9
12S	1.2	2.0	1.25	1.1	0.5	1.05	0.9
13S	1.3	2.0	1.25	1.2	0.5	1.05	0.9

[A case]

(mm)

Case Code	Max. height	L ±0.1	W ±0.1	T ±0.1	P1 ±0.1	P2 ±0.1	C ±0.1
09A	0.9	3.2	1.6	0.8	0.8	1.65	1.2
10A	1.0	3.2	1.6	0.9	0.8	1.65	1.2
12A	1.2	3.2	1.6	1.1	0.8	1.65	1.2
13A	1.3	3.2	1.6	1.2	0.8	1.65	1.2

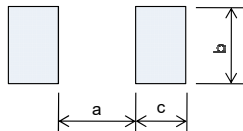
[SPECIFICATION NUMBER 500 PRODUCTS] ※Dimensional Tolerance of Specification Number 500 is as bel

(mm)

Case Code	Max. height	L	W	T ±0.1	P1 ±0.1	P2 ±0.1	C ±0.1
06U	0.6	1.1 <sup>+0.15</sup> <sub>-0.05</sub>	0.55 <sup>+0.15</sup> <sub>-0.05</sub>	0.55 ±0.05	0.35	0.45	0.4
09M	0.9	1.6 <sup>+0.2</sup> <sub>0</sub>	0.85 <sup>+0.2</sup> <sub>0</sub>	0.8	0.5	0.75	0.65 ±0.07
10M	1.0	1.6 <sup>+0.2</sup> <sub>0</sub>	0.85 <sup>+0.2</sup> <sub>0</sub>	0.9	0.5	0.75	0.65 ±0.07
09S	0.9	2.0 <sup>+0.2</sup> <sub>0</sub>	1.25 <sup>+0.2</sup> <sub>0</sub>	0.8	0.5	1.15	0.9
10S	1.0	2.0 <sup>+0.2</sup> <sub>0</sub>	1.25 <sup>+0.2</sup> <sub>0</sub>	0.9	0.5	1.15	0.9

※Product height is difference depending on the description. Please refer to "CATALOG NUMBER AND RATING" for the details.

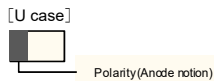
# RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD LAYOUT



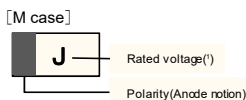
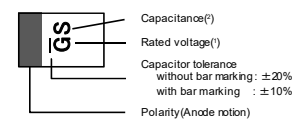
Case Size	EIA Code	a	b	c	Mask Thickness
06U	1005	0.30 ≤	0.3	0.45	≤ 100 μm
06U (Spec. Number 500)		0.35 ≤			
09M	1608	0.50 ≤	0.65	0.65	≤ 100 μm
09M, 10M (Spec. Number 500)				0.75	
09S, 10S, 12S, 13S	2012	0.50 ≤	0.8	1.05	≤ 100 μm
09S, 10S (Spec. Number 500)				1.15	
09A, 10A, 12A	3216L	0.80 ≤	1.1	1.65	≤ 100 μm
13A	3216	0.80 ≤	1.1	1.65	≤ 100 μm

In order to expect the self alignment effect, it is recommended that land width is almost the same size as terminal of capacitor, and space between lands (c) nearly equal to the space between terminals for appropriate soldering.

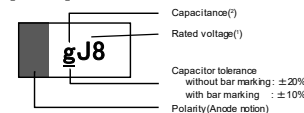
# MARKING



[S case]



[A case]



<sup>(1)</sup> Rated voltage is indicated with one alphabetic letter.

Rated voltage (VDC)	2.5	4	6.3	8	10	16	20	25	35
Mcase, Scase	e	G	J	K	A	C	D	E	V
Acase	e	g	j	k	A	C	D	E	V

<sup>(2)</sup> Capacitance is shown by the code below.

Capacitance (μF)	1.0	1.5	2.2	3.3	4.7	6.8	10	15	22	33	47	68	100	150	220	330
Scase	A	E	J	N	S	W	$\bar{A}$	$\bar{E}$	$\bar{J}$	$\bar{N}$	$\bar{S}$	$\bar{W}$	$\bar{A}$	$\bar{E}$	$\bar{J}$	$\bar{N}$
Acase	A6	E6	J6	N6	S6	W6	A7	E7	J7	N7	S7	W7	A8	E8	J8	N8

# RATING AND CASE SIZE

Mar., 2022

[ U case ]

R.V. Cap.	2	2.5	3	4	6.3	8	10	16	20	25	35
0.47							06U				
0.68											
1					06U		06U				
1.5								06U			
2.2			06U		06U		06U				
3.3											
4.7	06U			06U			06U				
6.8											
10	06U	06U		06U							
15			06U								
22			06U	06U							

[ M case ]

R.V. Cap.	2	2.5	3	4	6.3	8	10	16	20	25	35
0.47							09M	09M			
0.68											
1							09M	09M			
1.5							09M	09M			
2.2					09M		09M	09M			
3.3							09M	09M			
4.7				09M	09M		09M	09M			
6.8				09M	09M		09M				
10				09M	09M		09M				
15				09M	09M		09M				
22				09M	09M						
33				09M	09M						
47				09M							

[ S case ]

R.V. Cap.	2	2.5	3	4	6.3	8	10	16	20	25	35
1									12S	12S	12S
1.5									12S	12S	
2.2									12S		
3.3							12S				
4.7							12S				
6.8								10S,12S			
10							10S,12S	10S,12S			
15							10S,12S	13S			
22					10S,12S		10S,12S				
33					10S,12S		10S,13S				
47				10S,12S	10S,12S		10S,13S				
68				10S,12S	12S						
100		10S,12S		09S,10S,12S	13S						
150		12S		13S							
220		12S		12S,13S							

[ A case ]

R.V. Cap.	2	2.5	3	4	6.3	8	10	16	20	25	35
2.2											10A,12A
3.3										12A	12A
4.7										10A	
6.8											
10											
15											
22								13A			
33							10A,12A				
47					10A		10A,12A				
68					10A		13A				
100				10A	10A,12A	13A					
150				10A,12A	10A						
220				09A,10A,12A,13A	12A						
330		12A									

[ SPECIFICATION NUMBER 500 Series ]

R.V. Cap.	2	2.5	3	4	6.3	8	10	16	20	25	35
22							10M				
33			06U								
47					10M						
68											
100		10M		09M,10M							
220			09S	10S							
330											

Catalog number <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Rated voltage (VDC)	Surge voltage		Capacitance (µF)	Tolerance (%)	Case code	Lct. (µA)		Capacitance change (ΔC/C) (%)					Max. Dissipation factor					ESR		Surge		Resistance to soldering heat		Rapid change of temp. & Damp heat		Endurance	
		85°C	125°C				20°C	85°C	125°C	-55°C	85°C	125°C	125°C	20°C	85°C	125°C	Ω	100 kHz	ΔC/C%	DF <sup>(4)</sup>	Lct <sup>(3)</sup>	ΔC/C%	DF <sup>(4)</sup>	Lct <sup>(3)</sup>	ΔC/C%	DF <sup>(4)</sup>	Lct <sup>(3)</sup>	ΔC/C%
251 M 2001 475 M <sup>2</sup> 06U	2	2.3	1.5	4.7	20	06U	0.5	5	6.3	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.36	0.12	0.24	0.24	15	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 2001 106 M <sup>2</sup> 06U	2.5	2.8	1.9	10	20	06U	0.5	5	6.3	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.45	0.15	0.30	0.30	15	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 2501 106 M <sup>2</sup> 06U	↓	↓	↓	100	20	10M	25	250	312	-30/0	0/+15	0/+30	0.80	0.40	0.40	0.60	2	B	±30	C	±30	C	B	±30	C	B	±30	C
251 M 2501 107 M <sup>2</sup> 10S	↓	↓	↓	100	20	10S	2.5	50	62	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.40	0.20	0.30	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 2501 107 M <sup>2</sup> 12S	↓	↓	↓	100	20	12S	2.5	50	62	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.40	0.20	0.30	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 2501 157 M <sup>2</sup> 12S	↓	↓	↓	150	20	12S	3.7	75	93	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.40	0.20	0.30	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 2501 227 M <sup>2</sup> 12S	↓	↓	↓	220	20	12S	5.5	110	137	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.60	0.30	0.36	0.36	2	B	±30	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 2501 337 M <sup>2</sup> 12A	↓	↓	↓	330	20	12A	8.2	165	206	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.60	0.30	0.40	0.40	1	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 3001 225 M <sup>2</sup> 06U	3	3.45	2.3	2.2	20	06U	0.5	5	6.3	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.18	0.06	0.12	0.12	15	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 3001 156 M <sup>2</sup> 06U	↓	↓	↓	15	20	06U	2.3	9	11	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.45	0.15	0.30	0.30	15	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 3001 226 M <sup>2</sup> 06U	↓	↓	↓	22	20	06U	6.6	13.2	16.5	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.60	0.30	0.40	0.40	15	B	±40	A	±40	A	B	±40	B	B	±40	B
251 M 3001 336 M <sup>2</sup> 06U 500	↓	↓	↓	33	20	06U	9.9	99	123	-30/0	0/+15	0/+30	1.00	0.40	0.40	0.40	10	B	±30	C	±30	C	B	±30	C	B	±30	C
251 M 3001 227 M <sup>2</sup> 09S 500	↓	↓	↓	220	20	09S	66	660	825	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.90	0.60	0.60	0.60	2	B	±40	B	±30	B	B	±40	B	B	±40	B
251 M 4001 475 M <sup>2</sup> 09M	4	4.6	3	4.7	10,20	09U	0.5	5	6.3	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.36	0.12	0.24	0.24	15	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 475 M <sup>2</sup> 09M	↓	↓	↓	4.7	20	09M	0.5	5	6.3	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.12	0.06	0.12	0.12	10	A	±15	A	±15	A	B	±15	B	B	±15	B
251 M 4001 685 M <sup>2</sup> 09M	↓	↓	↓	6.8	20	09M	0.5	5	6.3	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.15	0.08	0.15	0.15	8	A	±15	A	±15	A	B	±15	B	B	±15	B
251 M 4001 106 M <sup>2</sup> 06U	↓	↓	↓	10	20	06U	0.5	5	6.3	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.45	0.15	0.30	0.30	15	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 106 M <sup>2</sup> 09M	↓	↓	↓	10	20	09M	0.5	5	6.3	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.15	0.08	0.15	0.15	8	A	±15	A	±15	A	B	±15	B	B	±15	B
251 M 4001 156 M <sup>2</sup> 09M	↓	↓	↓	15	20	09M	0.6	12	15	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.30	0.20	0.30	0.30	8	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 226 M <sup>2</sup> 06U	↓	↓	↓	22	20	06U	8.8	176	220	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.60	0.30	0.40	0.40	15	B	±40	B	±40	B	D	±40	B	D	±40	B
251 M 4001 226 M <sup>2</sup> 09M	↓	↓	↓	22	10,20	09M	0.9	18	22	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.30	0.106	0.30	0.30	4	A	±15	A	±15	A	B	±15	B	B	±15	B
251 M 4001 336 M <sup>2</sup> 09M	↓	↓	↓	33	20	09M	1.3	26	33	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.40	0.20	0.30	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 476 M <sup>2</sup> 09M	↓	↓	↓	47	20	09M	1.9	38	47	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.60	0.20	0.30	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 476 M <sup>2</sup> 10S	↓	↓	↓	47	20	10S	1.9	38	47	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.30	0.15	0.30	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 476 M <sup>2</sup> 12S	↓	↓	↓	47	20	12S	1.9	38	47	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.30	0.15	0.30	0.30	4	A	±15	A	±15	A	B	±15	B	B	±15	B
251 M 4001 686 M <sup>2</sup> 10S	↓	↓	↓	68	20	10S	2.7	54	68	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.40	0.20	0.30	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 686 M <sup>2</sup> 12S	↓	↓	↓	68	20	12S	2.7	54	68	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.40	0.20	0.30	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 107 M <sup>2</sup> 09M 500	↓	↓	↓	100	20	09M	80	800	1000	-30/0	0/+15	0/+20	1.00	0.60	0.60	0.60	3	B	±30	C	±30	C	B	±30	C	B	±30	C
251 M 4001 107 M <sup>2</sup> 10S 500	↓	↓	↓	100	10,20	10M	40	400	500	-30/0	0/+15	0/+20	0.80	0.40	0.40	0.40	2	B	±30	C	±30	C	B	±30	C	B	±30	C
251 M 4001 107 M <sup>2</sup> 09S	↓	↓	↓	100	20	09S	20	80	100	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.60	0.30	0.40	0.40	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 107 M <sup>2</sup> 10S	↓	↓	↓	100	20	10S	4.0	80	100	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.40	0.20	0.30	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 107 M <sup>2</sup> 12S	↓	↓	↓	100	20	12S	4.0	80	100	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.40	0.20	0.30	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 107 M <sup>2</sup> 10A	↓	↓	↓	100	20	10A	4.0	80	100	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.36	0.18	0.30	0.30	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 157 M <sup>2</sup> 13S	↓	↓	↓	150	20	13S	6.0	120	150	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.48	0.24	0.30	0.30	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 157 M <sup>2</sup> 10A	↓	↓	↓	150	20	10A	6.0	120	150	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.48	0.24	0.30	0.30	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 157 M <sup>2</sup> 12A	↓	↓	↓	150	20	12A	6.0	120	150	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.48	0.24	0.30	0.30	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 157 M <sup>2</sup> 10S 500	↓	↓	↓	220	20	10S	88	880	1100	-30/0	0/+15	0/+20	0.90	0.60	0.60	0.60	2	B	±30	B	±30	B	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 227 M <sup>2</sup> 12S	↓	↓	↓	220	20	12S	88	176	220	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.80	0.40	0.50	0.50	2	B	±40	B	±40	B	B	±40	B	B	±40	B
251 M 4001 227 M <sup>2</sup> 13S	↓	↓	↓	220	20	13S	44	176	220	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.80	0.40	0.50	0.50	2	B	±40	B	±40	B	B	±40	B	B	±40	B
251 M 4001 227 M <sup>2</sup> 09A	↓	↓	↓	220	20	09A	44	176	220	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.80	0.40	0.50	0.50	2	B	±30	B	±30	B	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 227 M <sup>2</sup> 10A	↓	↓	↓	220	20	10A	44	176	220	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.48	0.24	0.30	0.30	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 227 M <sup>2</sup> 12A	↓	↓	↓	220	10,20	12A	8.8	176	220	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.48	0.24	0.30	0.30	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B
251 M 4001 227 M <sup>2</sup> 13A	↓	↓	↓	220	20	13A	8.8	176	220	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.48	0.24	0.30	0.30	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	B	±30	B	B	±30	B

Catalog number <sup>(1/2)</sup>	Rated voltage (VDC)		Surge voltage		Capacitance (µF)	Tolerance (±%)	Case code	Lct. (µA)			Capacitance change (ΔC/C) (%)				Max. Dissipation factor				ESR		Surge		Resistance to soldering heat		Rapid change of temp. & Damp heat		Endurance			
	6.3	10	7.2	4.8				20°C	85°C	125°C	-55°C	85°C	125°C	-55°C	20°C	85°C	125°C	Ω	100 kHz	Lct. <sup>(3)</sup>	ΔC/C%	DF <sup>(4)</sup>	A	B	Lct. <sup>(3)</sup>	ΔC/C%	DF <sup>(4)</sup>	A	B	Lct. <sup>(3)</sup>
251 M 6301 105	↓	↓	↓	↓	1	10,20	06U	0.5	5	6.3	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.18	0.12	0.12	15	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 6301 225	↓	↓	↓	↓	2.2	20	06U	0.5	5	6.3	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.18	0.12	0.12	15	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 6301 475	↓	↓	↓	↓	4.7	20	09M	0.5	5	6.3	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.08	0.16	0.16	15	A	±15	A	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	B
251 M 6301 685	↓	↓	↓	↓	6.8	20	09M	0.5	5	6.3	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.08	0.16	0.16	10	A	±15	A	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	B
251 M 6301 106	↓	↓	↓	↓	10	20	09M	0.6	6	7.9	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.15	0.08	0.15	8	A	±15	A	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	B
251 M 6301 156	↓	↓	↓	↓	15	20	09M	0.9	19	24	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.30	0.20	0.30	8	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 6301 226	↓	↓	↓	↓	22	20	09M	1.4	28	35	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.40	0.20	0.40	8	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 6301 336	↓	↓	↓	↓	33	20	12S	1.4	14	17	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.30	0.15	0.30	4	A	±20	A	A	A	±20	A	A	±20	A	A	±30	B
251 M 6301 476	↓	↓	↓	↓	47	20	09M	2.1	42	52	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.40	0.20	0.40	8	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 6301 686	↓	↓	↓	↓	68	20	10S	2.1	42	52	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.30	0.15	0.30	4	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 6301 107	↓	↓	↓	↓	100	20	13S	3.0	59	74	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.60	0.30	0.60	2	B	±30	C	B	B	±30	C	B	±30	C	B	±30	C
251 M 6301 157	↓	↓	↓	↓	150	20	10A	18	189	237	-20/0	0/+20	0/+25	0.80	0.40	0.80	2	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 6301 227	↓	↓	↓	↓	220	20	12A	69	277	347	-15/0	0/+15	0/+20	0.90	0.30	0.90	1	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 8001 107	8	10	9.2	6.1	100	20	13A	22	44	100	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.60	0.30	0.60	0.6	B	±30	A	B	B	±30	A	B	±30	A	B	±30	B
251 M 1002 474	↓	↓	↓	↓	0.47	10,20	06U	0.5	5	6.3	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.16	0.08	0.16	30	A	±15	A	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	B
251 M 1002 105	↓	↓	↓	↓	1	10,20	06U	0.5	5	6.3	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.18	0.08	0.16	15	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±15	B
251 M 1002 155	↓	↓	↓	↓	1.5	20	06U	0.5	5	6.3	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.16	0.08	0.16	15	A	±15	A	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	B
251 M 1002 225	↓	↓	↓	↓	2.2	20	09M	0.5	5	6.3	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.16	0.08	0.16	15	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±15	B
251 M 1002 335	↓	↓	↓	↓	3.3	10,20	12S	0.5	5	6.3	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.16	0.08	0.16	15	A	±15	A	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	B
251 M 1002 475	↓	↓	↓	↓	4.7	20	06U	2.5	10	12.5	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.36	0.12	0.24	15	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 1002 685	↓	↓	↓	↓	6.8	10,20	09M	0.5	5	6.3	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.12	0.06	0.12	10	A	±15	A	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	B
251 M 1002 106	↓	↓	↓	↓	10	20	09M	0.7	14	17	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.30	0.20	0.30	8	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±15	B
251 M 1002 156	↓	↓	↓	↓	15	20	09M	1.0	20	25	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.30	0.20	0.30	8	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 1002 226	↓	↓	↓	↓	22	20	10S	1.0	20	25	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.30	0.15	0.30	4	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 1002 336	↓	↓	↓	↓	33	20	12S	1.0	10	13	-15/0	0/+10	0/+15	0.16	0.08	0.16	4	A	±15	A	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	A	A	±15	B
251 M 1002 476	↓	↓	↓	↓	47	20	09M	1.5	30	38	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.60	0.30	0.45	8	B	±30	A	B	B	±30	A	B	±30	A	B	±30	B
251 M 1002 686	↓	↓	↓	↓	68	20	10S	1.5	15	19	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.30	0.15	0.30	4	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B
251 M 1002 107	↓	↓	↓	↓	100	20	10M	1.1	11	110	-30/0	0/+15	0/+20	0.60	0.30	0.60	2	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	C
251 M 1002 228	↓	↓	↓	↓	22	20	10M	2.2	20	22	-30/0	0/+20	0/+20	0.30	0.15	0.30	4	B	±20	A	B	B	±20	A	B	±20	A	B	±30	B

Catalog number <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Rated voltage (VDC)	Surge voltage		Capacitance (µF)	Tolerance (±%)	Case code	Lct. (µA)			Capacitance change (ΔC/C) (%)				Max. Dissipation factor				ESR Ω		Surge		Resistance to soldering heat		Rapid change of temp.&Damp heat		Endurance	
		85°C	125°C				20°C	85°C	125°C	170°C	-55°C	85°C	125°C	150°C	20°C	85°C	125°C	150°C	100 kHz	400 kHz	Lct. <sup>(3)</sup>	ΔC/C%	DF <sup>(4)</sup>	Lct. <sup>(3)</sup>	ΔC/C%	DF <sup>(4)</sup>	Lct. <sup>(3)</sup>
251 M 1002 226 M <sub>2</sub> 12S	10	↓	↓	22	20	12S	2.2	4.4	55	0/+20	0/+20	0.30	0.15	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1002 336 M <sub>2</sub> 10S	↓	↓	↓	33	20	10S	3.3	6.6	82	-300	0/+20	0.40	0.20	0.30	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1002 336 M <sub>2</sub> 13S	↓	↓	↓	33	20	13S	3.3	6.6	82.5	-300	0/+20	0.30	0.15	0.30	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1002 336 M <sub>2</sub> 10A	↓	↓	↓	33	20	10A	3.3	6.6	82	-300	0/+20	0.24	0.12	0.24	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1002 336 M <sub>2</sub> 12A	↓	↓	↓	33	20	12A	3.3	6.6	82	-300	0/+20	0.24	0.12	0.24	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1002 476 M <sub>2</sub> 10S	↓	↓	↓	47	20	10S	4.7	9.4	117	-300	0/+20	0.60	0.24	0.40	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1002 476 M <sub>2</sub> 13S	↓	↓	↓	47	20	13S	4.7	9.4	117	-300	0/+20	0.60	0.30	0.40	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1002 476 M <sub>2</sub> 10A	↓	↓	↓	47	20	10A	4.7	9.4	117	-300	0/+20	0.28	0.14	0.28	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1002 476 M <sub>2</sub> 12A	↓	↓	↓	47	20	12A	4.7	9.4	117	-300	0/+20	0.28	0.14	0.28	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1002 686 M <sub>2</sub> 13A	↓	↓	↓	68	20	13A	6.8	13.6	170	-300	0/+20	0.30	0.12	0.24	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1602 474 M <sub>2</sub> 09M	16	↓	↓	18.4	10,20	09M	0.5	5	6.3	-150	0/+10	0.16	0.08	0.16	15	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 1602 105 M <sub>2</sub> 09M	↓	↓	↓	1	20	09M	0.5	5	6.3	-150	0/+10	0.16	0.08	0.16	15	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 1602 155 M <sub>2</sub> 09M	↓	↓	↓	1.5	20	09M	0.5	5	6.3	-150	0/+10	0.16	0.08	0.16	15	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 1602 225 M <sub>2</sub> 09M	↓	↓	↓	2.2	10,20	09M	0.5	5	6.3	-150	0/+10	0.16	0.08	0.16	15	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 1602 335 M <sub>2</sub> 09M	↓	↓	↓	3.3	20	09M	0.5	5.2	6.6	-150	0/+10	0.20	0.10	0.20	10	A	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±20	B	
251 M 1602 475 M <sub>2</sub> 09M	↓	↓	↓	4.7	20	09M	0.8	8	9.4	-300	0/+20	0.24	0.12	0.24	10	B	±30	A	±30	A	±30	B	±15	B	±20	B	
251 M 1602 685 M <sub>2</sub> 10S	↓	↓	↓	6.8	20	10S	1.1	2.2	27	-300	0/+20	0.14	0.10	0.10	4	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1602 685 M <sub>2</sub> 12S	↓	↓	↓	6.8	20	12S	1.1	2.2	27	-150	0/+10	0.16	0.08	0.16	2	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 1602 106 M <sub>2</sub> 10S	↓	↓	↓	10	20	10S	1.6	3.2	40	-300	0/+20	0.14	0.10	0.10	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1602 106 M <sub>2</sub> 12S	↓	↓	↓	10	20	12S	1.6	3.2	40	-300	0/+20	0.14	0.10	0.10	2	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1602 156 M <sub>2</sub> 13S	↓	↓	↓	15	20	13S	2.4	4.8	60	-300	0/+20	0.18	0.12	0.12	1.5	B	±20	A	±20	A	±20	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 1602 226 M <sub>2</sub> 13A	↓	↓	↓	22	20	13A	3.5	7.0	88	-300	0/+15	0.40	0.20	0.30	2	B	±30	A	±30	A	±30	B	±15	B	±30	B	
251 M 2002 105 M <sub>2</sub> 12S	20	↓	↓	23	15,3	12S	0.5	5	6.3	-150	0/+10	0.10	0.05	0.10	8	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 2002 155 M <sub>2</sub> 12S	↓	↓	↓	1.5	20	12S	0.5	5	6.3	-150	0/+10	0.10	0.05	0.10	8	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 2002 225 M <sub>2</sub> 12S	↓	↓	↓	2.2	20	12S	0.5	5	6.3	-150	0/+10	0.10	0.05	0.10	8	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 2502 105 M <sub>2</sub> 12S	25	↓	↓	28.7	19,1	12S	0.5	5	6.3	-150	0/+10	0.12	0.06	0.12	6	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 2502 155 M <sub>2</sub> 12S	↓	↓	↓	1.5	10,20	12S	0.5	5	6.3	-150	0/+10	0.12	0.06	0.12	6	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 2502 335 M <sub>2</sub> 12A	↓	↓	↓	3.3	20	12A	0.8	8	10	-150	0/+10	0.12	0.06	0.12	6	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 2502 475 M <sub>2</sub> 10A	↓	↓	↓	4.7	20	10A	1.2	1.2	12	-150	0/+10	0.12	0.06	0.12	4	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 3502 105 M <sub>2</sub> 12S	35	↓	↓	40.2	26,8	12S	0.5	5	6.3	-150	0/+10	0.10	0.05	0.10	8	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 3502 225 M <sub>2</sub> 10A	↓	↓	↓	2.2	20	10A	0.8	8	9.6	-150	0/+10	0.12	0.06	0.12	6	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 3502 225 M <sub>2</sub> 12A	↓	↓	↓	2.2	20	12A	0.8	8	9.6	-150	0/+10	0.12	0.06	0.12	6	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	
251 M 3502 335 M <sub>2</sub> 12A	↓	↓	↓	3.3	20	12A	1.2	1.2	14	-150	0/+10	0.12	0.06	0.12	6	A	±15	A	±15	A	±15	B	±15	B	±15	B	

Note1 : Catalog number<sup>(1)</sup>: For Capacitance Tolerance, insert "K" or "M" into 1.

Note2 : Catalog number<sup>(2)</sup>: For Reeled Package, insert "R" into 2.

Note3 : Lct.<sup>(3)</sup>: A=Shall not exceed the value of initial specification., B=Shall not exceed 2 times the value of initial specification., C=Shall not exceed 4 times the value of initial specification., D=Shall not exceed 5 times the value of initial specification., E=Shall not exceed 20 times the value of initial specification.

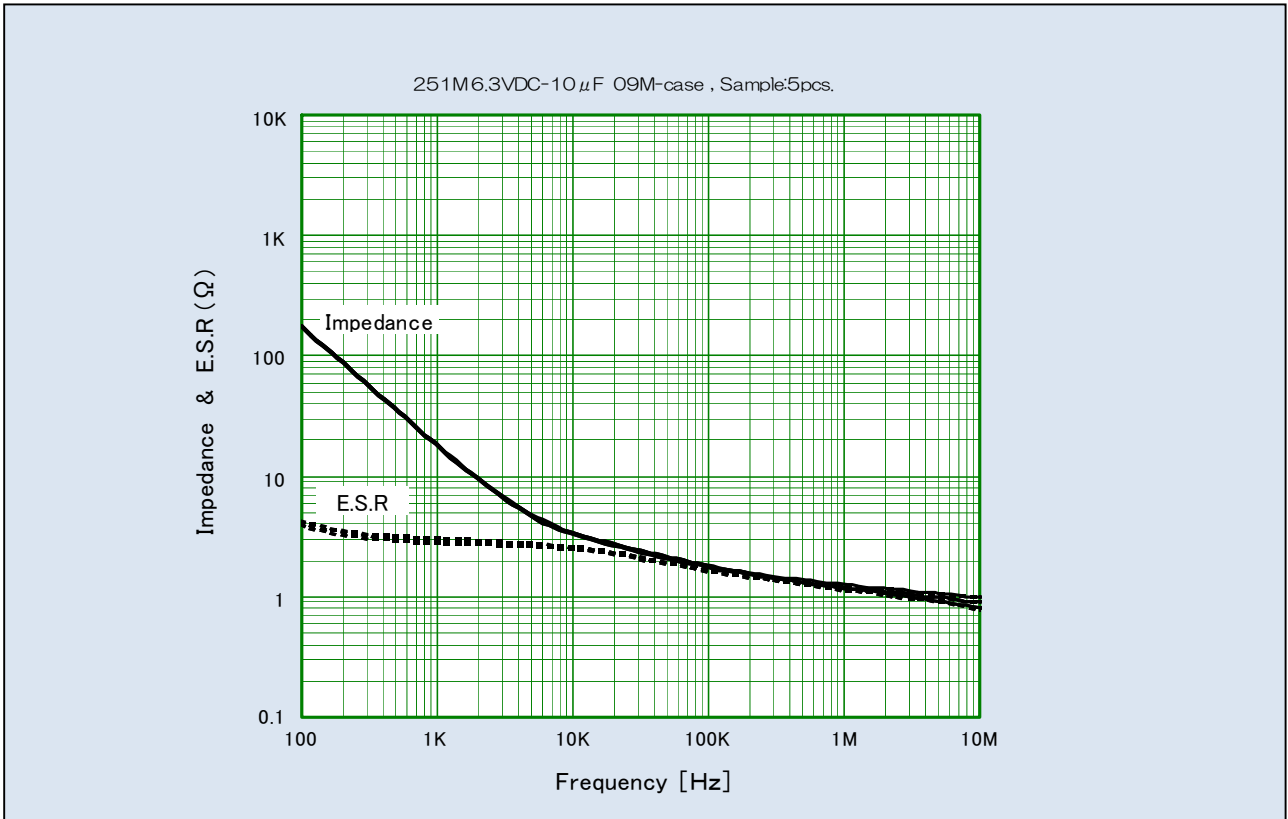
Note4 : DF<sup>(4)</sup>: A=Shall not exceed the value of initial specification., B=Shall not exceed 1.5 times the value of initial specification., C=Shall not exceed 2 times the value of initial specification.

# PERFORMANCE

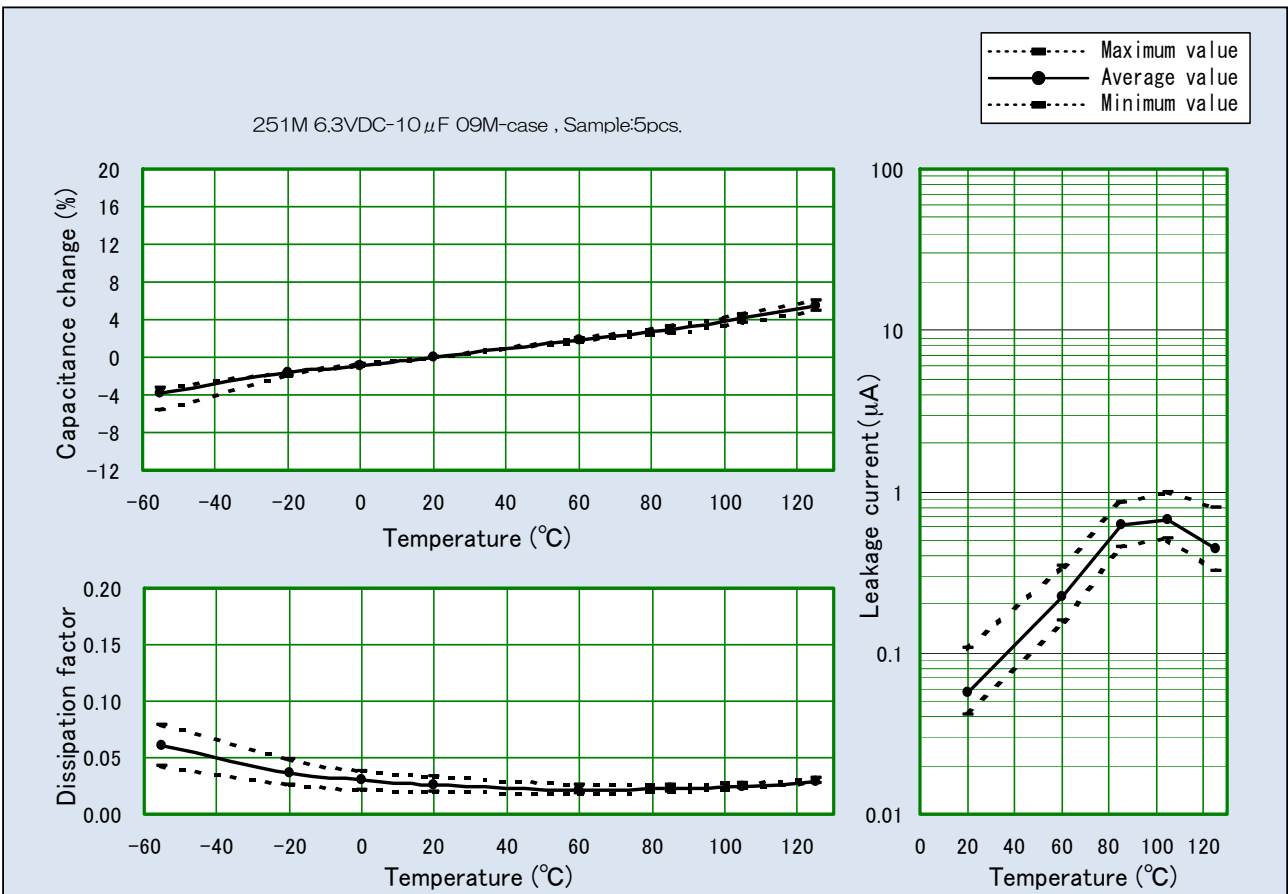
No	Item	Performanc	Test method
1	Leakage Current (μA)	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING.	JIS C 5101-1, 4.9 Applied voltage : Rated voltage      Duration : 5 min Measuring temperature : Room temperature
2	Capacitance (μF)	Shall be within the specified tolerance.	JIS C 5101-1, 4.7 Measuring frequency : 120 Hz ±20% Measuring voltage : 0.5 Vrms +1.5 to 2 VDC Measuring temperature : Room temperature
3	Dissipation Factor	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING.	JIS C 5101-1, 4.8 Measuring frequency : 120 Hz ±20% Measuring voltage : 0.5 Vrms +1.5 to 2 VDC Measuring temperature : Room temperature
4	ESR(Equivalent series resistance)	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING.	JIS C 5101-1, 4.8 Measuring frequency : 100kHz ±10% Measuring voltage : 0.5Vrms or less Measuring temperature : Room temperature
5	Characteristics at High and Low Temperature		JIS C 5101-1, 4.29
	Step1	Leakage Current Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor	Shall not exceed the value in No.1. Shall be within the specified tolerance. Shall not exceed the value in No.3. Measuring temperature : 20 ±2°C
	Step2	Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor	Shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Measuring temperature : -55 ±3°C
	Step3	Leakage Current Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shall be within ± 2% of the value at Step 1. Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Measuring temperature : 20 ±2°C
	Step4	Leakage Current Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Measuring temperature : 85 ±2°C
	Step5	Leakage Current Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Measuring temperature : 125 ±2°C Measuring voltage : Derated voltage at 125°C
Step6	Leakage Current Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Measuring temperature : 20 ±2°C	
6	Surge	Leakage Current Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor Appearance	IS C 5101-1, 4.26 Test temperature and applied voltage : To each half of specimens • 85 ±2°C, rated voltage × 1.15 • 125 ±2°C, 2/3 × rated voltage × 1.15 Series protective resistance : 1000 Ω Discharge resistance : 1000 Ω
7	Shear Test		JIS C 5101-1, 4.34 Capacitors mounted under the following conditions are used as specimens. • Indirect heating method (reflow) • Temperature : 240 ±10°C / Time : Less than 10 sec Pressure : Case U : 2N , 1N (Spec. Number 500) Case M, S, A : 5N Duration : 10 ±1 sec
8	Substrate Bending Test(Terminal Strength)	Capacitance Appearance	Initial value to remain steady during measurement. There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage. JIS C 5101-1, 4.35 Bending : 1 mm
9	Vibration (Vibration Resistance)	Capacitance Appearance	Initial value to remain steady during measurement. There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage. JIS C 5101-1, 4.17 Frequency range : 10 ~ 55 Hz Swing width : 1.5 mm Vibration direction : 3 directions with mutually right-angled Duration : 2 hours in each of these mutually perpendicular directions (total 6 hours) Mounting : Solder terminal to the printed board
10	Shock		There shall be no intermittent contact of 0.5 ms or greater, short, or open. Nor shall there be any spark discharge, insulation breakdown, or evidence of mechanical damage. JIS C 5101-1, 4.19 Peak acceleration : 490 m/s <sup>2</sup> Duration : 11 ms Wave form : Half-sine
11	Solderability		Solder shall completely cover the terminal surface (there shall be no pin holes, Non-wetting or solder repelling). JIS C 5101-1, 4.15 Solder temperature : 235 ±5°C      Dipping time : 2 ±0.5 sec Dipping depth : Terminal shall be dipped into melted solder.
12	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Leakage Current Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor Appearance	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage. IR reflow method Preheating : 130 to 160°C for about 60 sec Reflow : 200°C, less than 60 sec, 260°C max. Number of cycles : 2
13	Component solvent resistance	Leakage Current Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Within ±15% of initial value Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. JIS C 5101-1, 4.31 Temperature : 23 ±5°C      Dipping time : 5 ±0.5 min. Conditioning : JIS C 0052 method 2      Solvent : Isopropyl alcohol
14	Solvent resistance of marking	Appearance	After the test the marking shall be legible. JIS C 5101-1, 4.32 Temperature : 23 ±5°C      Dipping time : 5 ±0.5 min. Conditioning : JIS C 0052 method 1      Solvent : Isopropyl alcohol Rubbing material : cotton wool
15	Rapid change of temperature	Leakage Current Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor Appearance	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage. JIS C 5101-1, 4.16 Number of cycles : 5 Step 1 : -55 ±3°C, 30 ±3 min.      Step 2 : 25 <sup>+10</sup> / <sub>-5</sub> °C, 3 min. max. Step 3 : +125 ±2°C, 30 ±3 min.      Step 4 : 25 <sup>+10</sup> / <sub>-5</sub> °C, 3 min. max.
16	Damp heat , steady state	Leakage Current Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor Appearance	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage. JIS C 5101-1, 4.22 Temperature : 40 ±2°C Moisture : 90 to 95% R.H. Duration : 500 <sup>+24</sup> / <sub>0</sub> h
17	Endurance	Leakage Current Capacitance Change Dissipation Factor Appearance	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING. There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage, and marking shall be legible. JIS C 5101-1, 4.23 Test temperature and applied voltage :85±°C and rated voltage or 125 ±3°C and 2/3×rated voltage Duration : 2000 <sup>+72</sup> / <sub>0</sub> hrs Power supply impedance : 3Ω or less



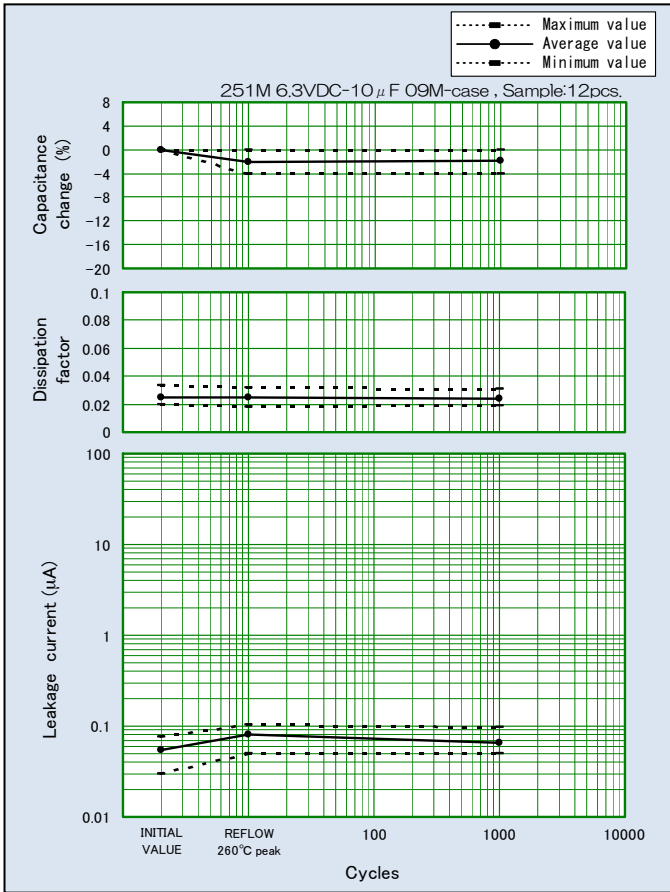
## FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS



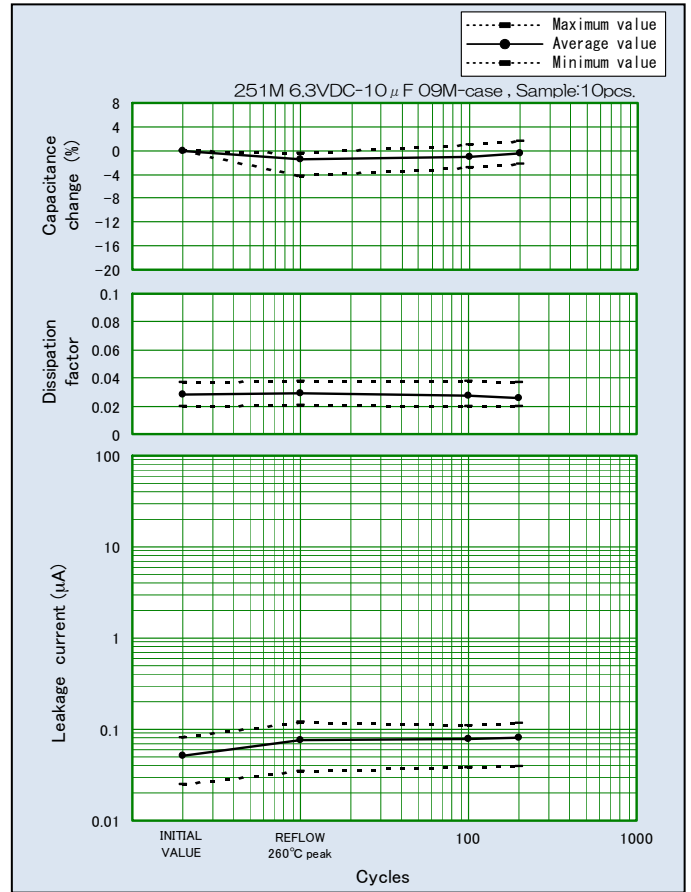
## TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS



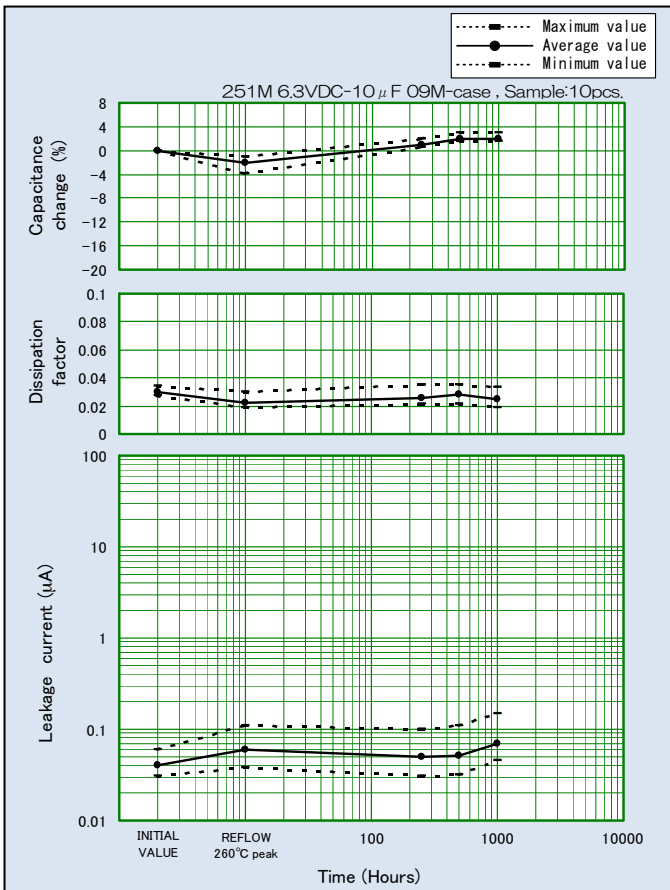
### SURGE VOLTAGE 85°C, RATED VOLTAGE × 1.15



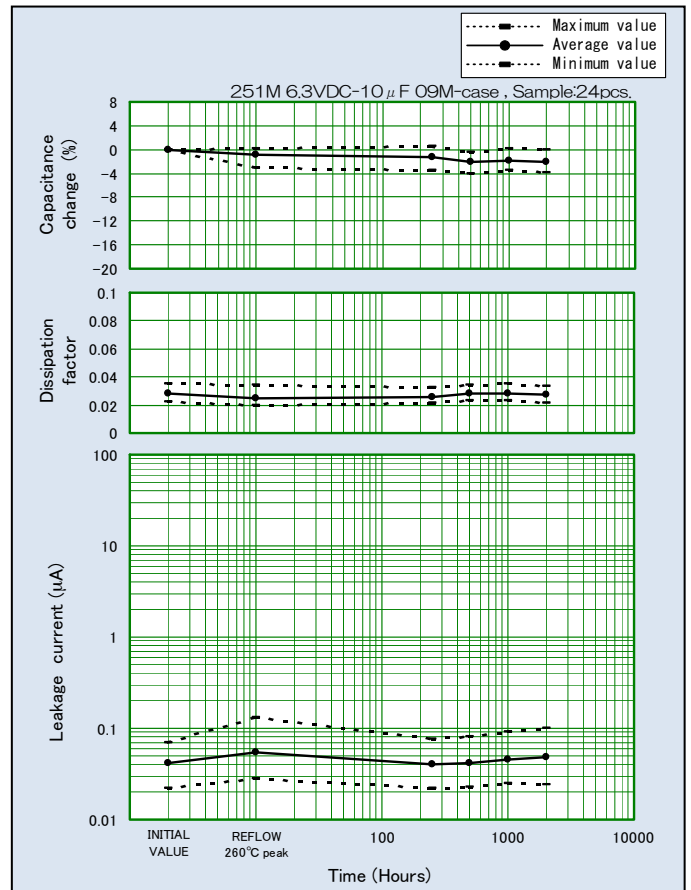
### THERMAL SHOCK -55/+125°C



### MOISTURE RESISTANCE 40°C, 95%RH



### HIGH TEMPERATURE LOAD 85°C, RATED VOLTAGE





## Application Notes for Tantalum Solid Electrolytic Capacitor

### 1. Operating Voltage

Tantalum Solid Electrolytic Capacitor shall be operated at the rated voltage or lower.

Rated voltage: The "rated voltage" refers to the maximum DC voltage that is allowed to be continuously applied between the capacitor terminals at the rated temperature.

Surge voltage: The "surge voltage" refers to the voltage that is allowed to be instantaneously applied to the capacitor at the rated temperature or the maximum working temperature. The capacitor shall withstand the voltage when a 30-second cycle of application of the voltage through a 1000 Ω series resistance is repeated 1000 times in 6-minute periods.

When designing the circuit, the equipment's required reliability must be considered and appropriate voltage derating must be performed.

### 2. Application that contain AC Voltage

Special attention to the following 3 items.

- (1) The sum of the DC bias voltage and the positive peak value of the AC voltage should not exceed the rated voltage.
- (2) Reverse voltage should not exceed the allowable values of the negative peak AC voltage.
- (3) Ripple current should not exceed the allowable values.

### 3. Reverse Voltage

Tantalum solid electrolytic capacitor is polarity. Please do not impress reverse voltage. As well, please confirm the potential of the tester beforehand when both ends of the capacitor are checked with the tester etc.

### 4. Permissible Ripple Current

The permissible ripple current and voltage at about 100 kHz or higher can be determined by the following formula from the permissible power loss (Pmax value) shown in Table 1 and the specified ESR value. However, when the expected operating temperature is higher than room temperature, determine the permissible values multiplying the Pmax value by the specified multiplier (Table 2). For the permissible values at different frequencies, consult our Sales Department.

$$P = I^2 \times ESR \text{ or } P = \frac{E^2 \times ESR}{Z^2}$$

$$\text{Permissible ripple current } I_{max} = \sqrt{\frac{P_{max}}{ESR}} \text{ (Arms)}$$

$$\text{Permissible ripple voltage } E_{max} = \sqrt{\frac{P_{max}}{ESR}} \times Z$$

$$= I_{max} \times Z \text{ (Vrms)}$$

I<sub>max</sub> : Permissible ripple current at regulated frequency (Arms : RMS value)

E<sub>max</sub> : Permissible ripple voltage at regulated frequency (Vrms : RMS value)

P<sub>max</sub> : Permissible power loss (W)

ESR : Specified ESR value at regulated frequency (Ω)

Z : Impedance at regulated frequency (Ω)

Table 1 Permissible power loss

Case size	Pmax (W)
06U	0.030
06U (Specification Number 500)	0.034
09M	0.050
09M,10M (Specification Number 500)	0.057
09S,10S,12S,13S	0.063
09S,10S (Specification Number 500)	0.066
09A,10A,12A,13A	0.077

Table 2 Pmax multiplier at each operating temperature

Operating temperature (°C)	Multiplier
25	1.0
55	0.9
85	0.8
125	0.4

Note: Above values are measured at 0.8t glass epoxy board mounting in free air and may be changed depending on the kind of board, packing density, and air convection condition. Please consult us if calculated power loss value is different from above list of P max value.

### 5. Application on low-impedance circuit

The failure rate of low impedance circuit at 0.1Ω/V is about five times greater than that of a 1Ω/V circuit. To curtail this higher failure rate, tantalum capacitors used in low impedance circuits, such as filters for power supplies, particularly switching power supplies, or for noise by-passing, require that operating voltage be derated to less than half of the rated voltage. Actually, less than 1/3 of the rated voltage is recommended.

### 6. Non Polar Application(BACK TO BACK)

The capacitor cannot be used as a non-polar unit.

### 7. Soldering

#### 7.1. Preheating

To obtain optimal reliability and solderability conditions, capacitors should be pre-heated at 130 to 200 °C for approximately 60 to 120 seconds.

#### 7.2. Soldering

The body of the capacitor shall not exceed 260 °C during soldering.

##### (1) Reflow Soldering

Reflow soldering is a process in which the capacitors are mounted on a printed board with solder paste. There are two methods of Reflow Soldering: Direct and Atmospheric Heat.

· Direct Heat (Hot plate)

During the Direct Heat method, the capacitor has been positioned on a printed board, which is then placed upon a hot plate.

The capacitor maintains a lower temperature than the substrate, which in turn stays at a lower temperature than the hot plate.

· Atmospheric Heat

##### a) VPS (Vapor Phase Soldering)

During VPS, the substrate is heated by an inert liquid with a high boiling point. The temperature of the capacitor's body and the temperature of the substrate are about the same as the atmosphere. This temperature should be below 240°C.

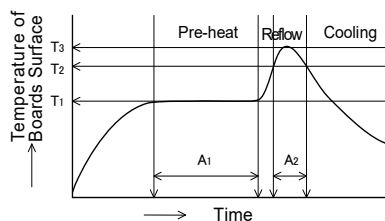
##### b) Near and Far IR Ray

Due to the heat absorption of the capacitor's body, the internal temperature of the capacitors may be 20 ~ 30°C higher than the setting temperature and may exceed 260°C.

Temperature control is crucial in maintaining a temperature of 260 °C or lower.

### c) Convection Oven

An infrared ray is the main source of heat in this process. The temperature of the substrate and the capacitors can be maintained at a similar level by the circulation of heated air, or an inert gas.



Temperature	Time
T1=130°C~200°C	A1=60~120sec.
T2=220°C~230°C	A2<60秒以下
T3=~260°C	10sec. or less than 10

Number of times:2times max.

### (2) Soldering with a Soldering Iron

Soldering with a soldering iron cannot be recommended due to the lack of consistency in maintaining temperatures and process times.

If this method should be necessary, the iron should never touch the capacitor's terminals, and the temperature of the soldering iron should never exceed 350°C. The application of the iron should not exceed 5 seconds.

### (3) Please consult us for other methods.

## 8. Cleaning

Cleaning by organic solvent may damage capacitor's appearance and performance. However, our capacitors are not effected even when soaked at 20 ~ 30°C 2-propanol for 5 minutes. When introducing new cleaning methods or changing the cleaning term, please consult us.

## 9. Protective Resin Coating

After components are assembled to substrate, a protective resin coating is sometimes applied. As this resin coating cures, it gives mechanical and thermal stress to Tantalum capacitors. This stress can cause damage to the capacitors, which affects their reliability.

Before using a resin coating, proper research must be done in regards to the material and process to insure that excessive stress will not be applied to capacitors and other components.

## 10. Vibration

Approximately 300 G shall be applied to a capacitor, when dropped from 1 meter to a concrete floor.

Although capacitors are made to withstand this drop test, stress from shock due to falling or striking does cause damage to the capacitors and increases failure rates. Do not subject capacitors to this type of mechanical stress.

## 11. Ultrasonic cleaning

Matsuo does not recommend Ultrasonic cleaning. This may cause damage to the capacitors, and may even cause broken terminals. If the Ultrasonic cleaning process will be used, please note the following:

- (1) The solvent should not be boiled. (Lower the ultrasonic wave output or use solvent with The high boiling point.)
- (2) The recommended wattage is less than 0.5 watts per cm<sup>2</sup>.
- (3) The cleaning time should be kept to a minimum. Also, samples must be swang in the solvent. Please consult us.

## 12. Additional Notes

- When more than one capacitor is connected in series, a resistor that can distribute the voltage equally to the capacitors shall be connected in parallel.
- The capacitor cases shall not be cut even if the mounting space is insufficient.
- During a customers aging process, voltage should remain under the rated voltage at all times.
- Capacitors should never be touched or manipulated while operating.
- Capacitors are not meant to be dismantled.
- When testing capacitors, please examine the power source before conducting test to insure the tester's polarity and applied voltage.
- In the event of a capacitor burning, smoking, or emitting an offensive smell during operation, please turn the circuit "off" and keep hands and face away from the burning capacitor.
- If a capacitor be electrical shorted, it becomes hot, and the capacitor element may ignite. In this case, the printed board may be burnt out.
- Capacitors should be stored at room temperature under low humidity. Capacitors should never be stored under direct sunlight, and should be stored in an environment containing dust.
- If the capacitors will be operated in a humid environment, they should be sealed with a compound under proper conditions.
- Capacitors should not be stored or operated in environments containing acids, alkalis or active gasses.
- When capacitors are disposed of as "scrap" or waste, they should be treated as Industria Waste since they contain various metals and polymers.
- Capacitors submitted as samples should not be used for production purposes.

These application notes are prepared based on "Guideline of notabilia for fixed tantalum electrolytic capacitors with solid electrolyte for use in electronic equipment" (RCR-2368) issued by Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA).

For the details of the instructions (explanation, reasons and concrete examples), please refer to this guideline, or consult our Sales Department.



## MATSUO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Please feel free to ask our Sales Department for more information on Tantalum Solid Electrolytic Capacitor.

Overseas Sales 5-3,3-Chome,Sennari-cho,Toyonaka-shi,Osaka 561-8558,Japan Tel:06-6332-0883 Fax:06-6332-0920  
 Head office 5-3,3-Chome,Sennari-cho,Toyonaka-shi,Osaka 561-8558,Japan Tel:06-6332-0871 Fax:06-6331-1386  
 URL <https://www.ncc-matsuo.co.jp/>

Specifications on this catalog are subject to change without prior notice. Please inquire of our Sales Department to confirm specifications prior to use.

適用用途分類 / APPLICATION CLASSIFICATION BY USE

Rev.5 (2022.02.14)

市場	適用用途分類	用途		推奨品種	推奨品種	推奨品種	推奨品種
		概要	代表的なアプリケーション例	チップタンタルコンデンサ	リード付タンタルコンデンサ	回路保護素子	フィルムコンデンサ
高信頼度機器	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>高度な安全性や信頼性が要求される機器</li> <li>製品の保守交換が不可能な機器、製品の故障が人命に直接かかわる、または、致命的なシステムダウンを引き起こす可能性がある機器</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>宇宙開発機器関連(衛星、ロケット、人工衛星)</li> <li>航空・防衛システム</li> <li>原子力・火力・水力発電システム</li> </ul>	267型Pシリーズ	111型Pシリーズ	該当なし	該当なし
車載・産業機器	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>信頼性が重視される機器</li> <li>製品の保守交換が極めて困難な機器や、製品の故障が人命に影響する、あるいは故障の範囲が広範囲である機器</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>自動車および鉄道・船舶等の輸送機器の車両制御(エンジン制御、駆動制御、ブレーキ制御)</li> <li>新幹線・主要幹線の運行制御システム</li> </ul>	267型Nシリーズ 271型Nシリーズ 279型Mシリーズ	111型Nシリーズ 111型Mシリーズ 112型Mシリーズ 204型Nシリーズ 247型	KAB型Nシリーズ JAG型Nシリーズ KVA型Nシリーズ	431型 431型Aシリーズ 503型 553型 602型 801型 802型
	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>製品の保守交換が可能な機器や、製品の故障が人命に影響しないが故障によるシステムダウンの損失が大きく安全管理が要求される機器</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>エアコン、カーナビ等の車室内搭載部品、車載用通信機器</li> <li>家庭用/ビル用等のセキュリティ管理システム</li> <li>工業用ロボットや工作機械等の制御機器</li> </ul>	267型Mシリーズ 267型Eシリーズ 281型Mシリーズ TCA型	204型Mシリーズ	KAB型Mシリーズ	
汎用機器	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>最先端技術を積極的に適用する小型・薄型品</li> <li>製品の保守交換が可能な機器や、製品の故障によるシステムダウンが部分的な機器向けの市場で広く使用されることを想定した製品</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>スマートフォン、携帯電話、モバイルPC(タブレット)、電子辞書</li> <li>デスクトップPC、ノートPC、ホームネットワーク</li> <li>アミューズメント機器(パチンコ、ゲーム機)</li> </ul>	251型Mシリーズ 251型Tシリーズ 281型Eシリーズ TCB型		KAB型 KAB型Tシリーズ KAH型 JAE型、JAG型 JAH型、JAH型Lシリーズ JAJ型、JAK型 JHC型 KVA型	503型Aシリーズ

Market	Application classification by use	Use		Recommendation Type	Recommendation Type	Recommendation Type	Recommendation Type
		Outline	Typical example of application	Chip Tantalum Capacitors	Leaded Tantalum Capacitors	Circuit Protection Components	Film Capacitors
High reliability apparatus	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Apparatus in which advanced safety and reliability are demanded.</li> <li>Whether failure of the apparatus which cannot maintenance exchange products, and a product is direct for a human life, apparatus which changes or may cause a fatal system failure.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Space development apparatus relation (Satellite, Rocket, Artificial Satellite)</li> <li>Aviation and a defensive system</li> <li>Atomic power, fire power, and a water-power generation system</li> </ul>	Type 267 P Series	Type 111 P series	With no relevance	With no relevance
In-vehicle Industrial apparatus	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Apparatus in which reliability is important.</li> <li>The apparatus in which maintenance exchange of a product is very difficult, and failure of a product influence a human life, or the range of failure is wide range.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Vehicles control of transport machines, such as a car, and a railroad, a vessel (Engine control, drive control, brake control)</li> <li>The operation control system of the Shinkansen and a main artery</li> </ul>	Type 267 N Series Type 271 N Series Type 279 M Series	Type 111 N series Type 111 M series Type 112 M series Type 204 N series Type 247	Type KAB N series Type JAG N series Type KVA N series	Type 431 Type 431 A series Type 503 Type 553 Type 602 Type 801 Type 802
	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Apparatus which can maintenance exchange products, and apparatus in which the loss of the system failure is large although failure of a product does not influence a human life, and maintenance engineering is demanded</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Vehicle indoor loading parts, such as an air-conditioner and car navigation, and in-vehicle communication facility</li> <li>Security management system for home/buildings etc.</li> <li>Control apparatus, such as Industrial use robots and a machine tool etc.</li> </ul>	Type 267 M Series Type 267 E Series Type 281 M Series Type TCA	Type 204 M series	Type KAB M series	
Apparatus in general	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The small size and the thin article which applies leading-edge technology positively</li> <li>The product supposing being used widely in the market for the apparatus which can maintenance exchange products, and apparatus with a partial system failure by failure of product.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Smart phone, Mobile phone, Mobile PC (tablet), Electronic dictionary</li> <li>Desktop PC, Notebook PC, Home network</li> <li>Amusement apparatus (Pachinko, Game machine)</li> </ul>	Type 251M Series Type 251 T Series Type 281 E Series Type TCB		Type KAB Type KAB T series Type KAH Type JAE, Type JAG Type JAH, Type JAH L series Type JAJ, Type JAK Type JHC Type KVA	Type 503 A series

# テーピング数量・リール寸法 Taping Quantity And Carrier Tape Dimensions

## チップタンタルコンデンサ Chip Tantalum Capacitors

定格：251型Mシリーズ, 251型Tシリーズ, TCB型  
Type : 251 M Series, 251 T Series, TCB

ケース記号 Case Code	ケースサイズ Case size	W (mm)	F (mm)	E (mm)	P <sub>1</sub> (mm)	P <sub>2</sub> (mm)	P <sub>0</sub> (mm)	φD <sub>0</sub> (mm)	包装数/リール(個) Quantity/Reel (pcs)	
									φ180	φ330
U	1.0×0.5	8.0±0.3	3.5±0.05	1.75±0.1	2.0±0.05	2.0±0.05	4.0±0.1	1.55±0.03	10,000	
M	1.6×0.8							4,000 / 3,000 <sup>※1</sup>		
S	2.0×1.25									
A	3.2×1.6							3,000		

※1. 251型500規格及びTCB型50規格は3000個/リール  
Quantity per reel of Type 251 Specification Number 500 and Type TCB Specification Number 50 is 3000.

定格：267型Mシリーズ, 267型Eシリーズ, 267型Pシリーズ, 271Nシリーズ  
279型Mシリーズ, 281型Mシリーズ, 281型Eシリーズ  
Type : 267 M Series, 267 E Series, 267 P Series, 271 N Series  
279 M Series, 281 M Series, 281 E Series

ケース記号 Case Code	ケースサイズ Case size	W (mm)	F (mm)	E (mm)	P <sub>1</sub> (mm)	P <sub>2</sub> (mm)	P <sub>0</sub> (mm)	D <sub>0</sub> (mm)	包装数/リール(個) Quantity/Reel (pcs)			
									φ180	φ330		
A	3.2×1.6	8.0±0.3	3.5±0.05	1.75±0.1	4.0±0.1	2.0±0.05	4.0±0.1	φ1.5 <sup>+0.1</sup> <sub>0</sub>	2,000	9,000		
B	3.5×2.8									8,000		
C3	6.0×3.2	12.0±0.3	5.5±0.05	1.5±0.1	8.0±0.1				500			3,000
D3	7.3×4.4		5.7±0.05									
H	7.3×4.4		5.7±0.1		1,500							
E	7.3×5.8		5.5±0.05	1.75±0.05					2,000			

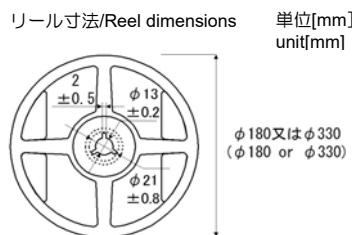
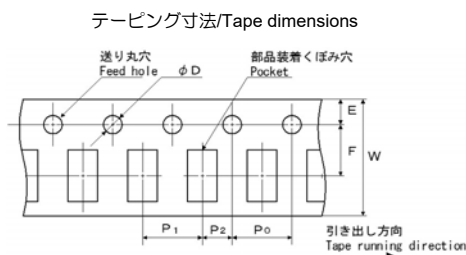
定格：267型Nシリーズ, TCA型  
Type : 267 N Series, TCA

ケース記号 Case Code	ケースサイズ Case size	W (mm)	F (mm)	E (mm)	P <sub>1</sub> (mm)	P <sub>2</sub> (mm)	P <sub>0</sub> (mm)	D <sub>0</sub> (mm)	包装数/リール(個) Quantity/Reel (pcs)			
									φ180	φ330		
A	3.2×1.6	8.0±0.3	3.5±0.05	1.75±0.1	4.0±0.1	2.0±0.05	4.0±0.1	φ1.5 <sup>+0.1</sup> <sub>0</sub>	2,000	9,000		
B	3.5×2.8									8,000		
C	6.0×3.2	12.0±0.3	5.5±0.05	1.5±0.1	8.0±0.1				500			3,000
D	7.3×4.4		5.7±0.05									

## 回路保護素子 Circuit Protection Components

定格：JAE型, JAG型, JAG型Nシリーズ, JAH型, JAH型Lシリーズ, JAJ型, JAK型, JHC型  
KAB型, KAB型Nシリーズ, KAB型Mシリーズ, KAB型Tシリーズ, KAH型, KVA型, KVA型Nシリーズ  
Type : JAE, JAG, JAG N Series, JAH, JAH L Series, JAJ, JAK, JHC  
KAB, KAB N Series, KAB M Series, KAB T Series, KAH, KVA, KVA N Series

ケース記号 Case Code	ケースサイズ Case size	W (mm)	F (mm)	E (mm)	P <sub>1</sub> (mm)	P <sub>2</sub> (mm)	P <sub>0</sub> (mm)	D <sub>0</sub> (mm)	包装数/リール(個) Quantity/Reel (pcs)			
									φ180	φ330		
07	1.0×0.5	8.0±0.1	3.5±0.05	1.75±0.05	2.00±0.05	2.0±0.05	4.0±0.1	φ1.55±0.05	10,000	-		
29	1.6×0.8	8.0±0.3							4.0±0.1			5,000
31	2.0×1.25											
52	3.2×1.6											2,000
44E	7.3×5.8	12±0.3	5.5±0.05	1.75±0.1	8.0±0.1			φ1.5 <sup>+0.1</sup> <sub>0</sub>	500	1,500		
59F	11.0×7.3	24±0.3	11.5±0.05		12.0±0.1				-	500		



テーピング形状記号/Tape code

φ180リール φ180Reel	φ330リール φ330Reel	極性 Anode notation
L	P	送り穴側 + Feed hole +
R	N	送り穴側 - Feed hole -