

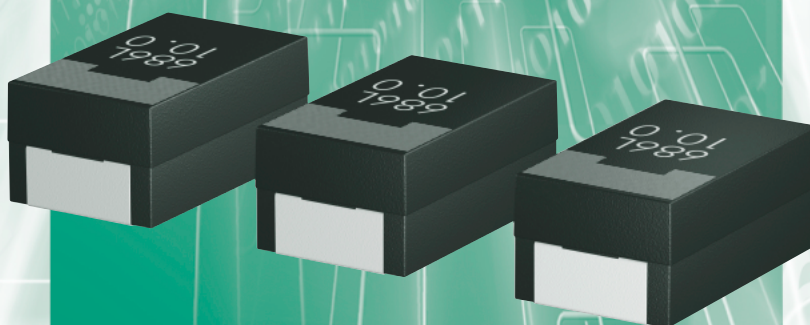
PRODUCTS DATA SHEET

Surface mount

**Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor
with Conductive Polymer
Solid Electrolyte**

**RoHS COMPLIANT
LEAD FREE**

Type ACA



OUTLINE

Type ACA is an aluminum solid electrolytic capacitor which uses conductive polymer as cathode layer. In order to meet the customer needs of digitization and higher frequency of electronics device, we have developed conductive polymer aluminum solid electrolytic capacitor with ULTRA Low ESR, which is excellent in electrically conductive and high-temperature stability.

APPLICATION

Computer, computer peripherals, mother board, DC/DC converter, regulator peripherals.

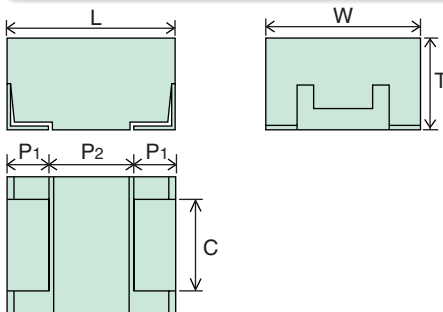
FEATURES

1. Low ESR and Low impedance
Using conductive polymer as cathode layer makes possible of lower ESR and impedance, especially at high-frequency range.
2. Temperature Stability
ESR and capacitance are stable from low temperature through high temperature.
3. Category temperature range is -55°C to +105°C. No delating with temperature is required.
4. Failure mode
ACA offers very safe characteristics which makes ignition and smorking harder by taking advantages of characteristics of materials if the capacitor be short-circuited.
5. Lead free and RoHS compliant.

RATING

Item	Rating
Category Temperature Range (Operating Temperature Range)	-55~+105°C
Rated Temperature (Max. Operating Temp. at Rated Voltage)	+105°C
Rated Voltage	2-2.5-4-6.3-8-10VDC
Capacitance	10~470μF
Capacitance Tolerance	±20%

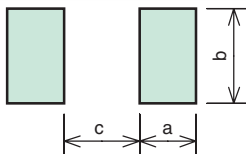
DIMENSIONS



(mm)

Case Size	L	W	T	P1±0.2	P2 min.	C±0.2
4D	7.3±0.2	4.3±0.2	1.9±0.1	1.3	4.1	2.4
6D	7.3±0.2	4.3±0.2	2.8±0.3	1.3	4.1	2.4
8D	7.3±0.3	4.3±0.3	4.2±0.3	1.3	4.0	2.4

RECOMMENDED PAD DIMENSIONS

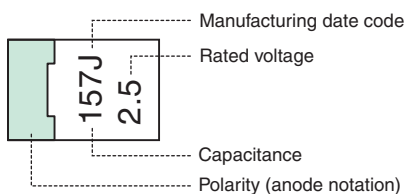


(mm)

Case Size	EIA Code	a	b	c
4D, 6D, 8D	7343	2.4	2.7	4.6

In order to expect the self alignment effect, it is recommended that land width is almost the same size as terminal of capacitor, and space between lands(c) nearly equal to the space between terminals for appropriate soldering.

MARKING



Year	Month	Code	Year	Month	Code	Year	Month	Code	Year	Month	Code
2005 2009	1	A	2006 2010	1	N	2007 2011	1	a	2008 2012	1	n
	2	B		2	P		2	b		2	p
	3	C		3	Q		3	c		3	q
	4	D		4	R		4	d		4	r
	5	E		5	S		5	e		5	s
	6	F		6	T		6	f		6	t
	7	G		7	U		7	g		7	u
	8	H		8	V		8	h		8	v
	9	J		9	W		9	i		9	w
	10	K		10	X		10	j		10	x
	11	L		11	Y		11	k		11	y
	12	M		12	Z		12	m		12	z

ORDERING INFORMATION

ACA TYPE		2001 RATED VOLTAGE		107 CAPACITANCE		M CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE		R STYLE OF REELED PACKAGE			4D CASE CODE		0016 ESR(mΩ)	
Rated voltage	Marking	Capacitance	Marking	Capacitance Tolerance	Marking	Code	Reel Size	Anode Notation		EIA Code	Case Code			
2V	2001	10μF	106	±20%	M	R	φ180 Reel	Feed hole: -		7343L	4D			
2.5V	2501	15μF	156			N	φ330 Reel	Feed hole: -		7343	6D			
4V	4001	22μF	226							7343H	8D			
6.3V	6301	33μF	336											
8V	8001	47μF	476											
10V	1002	56μF	566											
		68μF	686											
		82μF	826											
		100μF	107											
		150μF	157											
		180μF	187											
		220μF	227											
		270μF	277											
		330μF	337											
		390μF	397											
		470μF	477											

CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING

October, 2008

Table-1

Catalog number (1)	Rated Voltage (VDC)	Capacitance (μF)	Tolerance (±%)	Case Code	Lct. (μA)	Max. Dissipation Factor	ESR (mΩ) 100kHz	Max. Permissible Ripple Current (Arms) 100kHz (2)
					20°C			
ACA 2001 107 M_1 4D 0016	2	100	20	4D	12.0	0.06	16	2.1
ACA 2001 157 M_1 4D 0009	↓	150	↓	↓	18.0	↓	9	2.8
ACA 2001 227 M_1 4D 0009	↓	220	↓	↓	26.4	↓	↓	↓
ACA 2001 227 M_1 4D 0015	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	15	2.2
ACA 2001 227 M_1 6D 0009	↓	↓	↓	6D	↓	↓	9	3.1
ACA 2001 227 M_1 6D 0015	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	15	2.4
ACA 2001 337 M_1 6D 0007	↓	330	↓	↓	39.6	↓	7	3.5
ACA 2001 337 M_1 6D 0012	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	12	2.7
ACA 2001 397 MN 8D 0007	↓	390	↓	8D	46.8	↓	7	3.8
ACA 2001 477 MN 8D 0007	↓	470	↓	↓	56.4	↓	↓	↓
ACA 2001 477 MN 8D 0010	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	10	3.2
ACA 2501 826 M_1 4D 0018	2.5	82	20	4D	12.3	0.06	18	2.0
ACA 2501 107 M_1 4D 0015	↓	100	↓	↓	15.0	↓	15	2.2
ACA 2501 157 M_1 6D 0015	↓	150	↓	6D	22.5	↓	↓	2.4
ACA 2501 187 M_1 6D 0015	↓	180	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
ACA 2501 187 MN 8D 0015	↓	↓	↓	8D	27.0	↓	↓	2.6
ACA 2501 227 MN 8D 0010	↓	220	↓	↓	33.0	↓	10	3.2
ACA 2501 277 MN 8D 0010	↓	270	↓	↓	27.0	↓	↓	↓
ACA 2501 337 MN 8D 0010	↓	330	↓	↓	33.0	↓	↓	↓
ACA 4001 686 M_1 4D 0018	4	68	20	4D	16.3	0.06	18	2.0
ACA 4001 826 M_1 4D 0018	↓	82	↓	↓	19.7	↓	↓	↓
ACA 4001 826 M_1 4D 0028	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	28	1.6
ACA 4001 107 M_1 4D 0015	↓	100	↓	↓	24.0	↓	15	2.2
ACA 4001 157 M_1 6D 0015	↓	150	↓	6D	36.0	↓	↓	2.4
ACA 4001 187 M_1 6D 0015	↓	180	↓	↓	43.2	↓	↓	↓
ACA 4001 187 MN 8D 0010	↓	↓	↓	8D	↓	↓	10	3.2
ACA 4001 187 MN 8D 0015	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	15	2.6
ACA 4001 227 MN 8D 0010	↓	220	↓	↓	52.8	↓	10	3.2
ACA 4001 227 MN 8D 0015	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	15	2.6
ACA 4001 277 MN 8D 0010	↓	270	↓	↓	64.8	↓	10	3.2
ACA 4001 337 MN 8D 0010	↓	330	↓	↓	79.2	↓	↓	↓
ACA 6301 106 M_1 4D 0055	6.3	10	20	4D	2.52	0.06	55	1.1
ACA 6301 226 M_1 4D 0045	↓	22	↓	↓	5.54	↓	45	1.3
ACA 6301 336 M_1 4D 0025	↓	33	↓	↓	8.32	↓	25	1.7
ACA 6301 476 M_1 4D 0025	↓	47	↓	↓	11.8	↓	↓	↓
ACA 6301 566 M_1 4D 0025	↓	56	↓	↓	14.1	↓	↓	↓
ACA 6301 686 M_1 4D 0015	↓	68	↓	↓	17.1	↓	15	2.2
ACA 6301 686 M_1 4D 0025	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	25	1.7
ACA 6301 107 M_1 4D 0015	↓	100	↓	↓	25.2	↓	15	2.2
ACA 6301 107 M_1 6D 0018	↓	↓	↓	6D	↓	↓	18	↓
ACA 6301 157 M_1 6D 0010	↓	150	↓	↓	37.8	↓	10	2.9
ACA 6301 157 M_1 6D 0015	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	15	2.4
ACA 6301 157 MN 8D 0015	↓	↓	↓	8D	↓	↓	↓	2.6
ACA 6301 187 MN 8D 0010	↓	180	↓	↓	45.4	↓	10	3.2
ACA 6301 337 MN 8D 0009	↓	330	↓	↓	83.2	↓	9	3.4
ACA 8001 226 M_1 4D 0045	8	22	20	4D	7.04	0.06	45	1.3
ACA 8001 336 M_1 4D 0025	↓	33	↓	↓	10.6	↓	25	1.7
ACA 8001 686 M_1 6D 0015	↓	68	↓	6D	21.8	↓	15	2.4
ACA 8001 107 MN 8D 0010	↓	100	↓	8D	32.0	↓	10	3.2
ACA 8001 157 MN 8D 0010	↓	150	↓	↓	48.0	↓	↓	↓
ACA 1002 336 M_1 4D 0025	10	33	20	4D	13.2	0.06	25	1.7
ACA 1002 686 M_1 6D 0015	↓	68	↓	6D	27.2	↓	15	2.4
ACA 1002 107 MN 8D 0010	↓	100	↓	8D	40.0	↓	10	3.2
ACA 1002 107 MN 8D 0015	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	15	2.6
ACA 1002 157 MN 8D 0010	↓	150	↓	↓	60.0	↓	10	3.2

(1) _1: No code for single item. "R" or "N" for taping specification.

(2) Reference value.

STANDARD RATING

October, 2008

R.V.(VDC) Cap.(μF)	2	2.5	4	6.3	8	10
10				4D		
15						
22				4D	4D	
33				4D	4D	4D
47				4D		
56				4D		

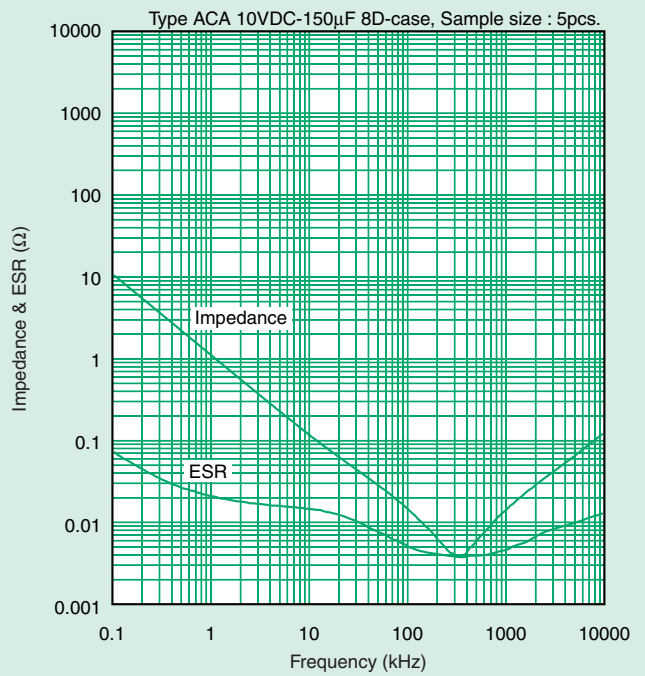
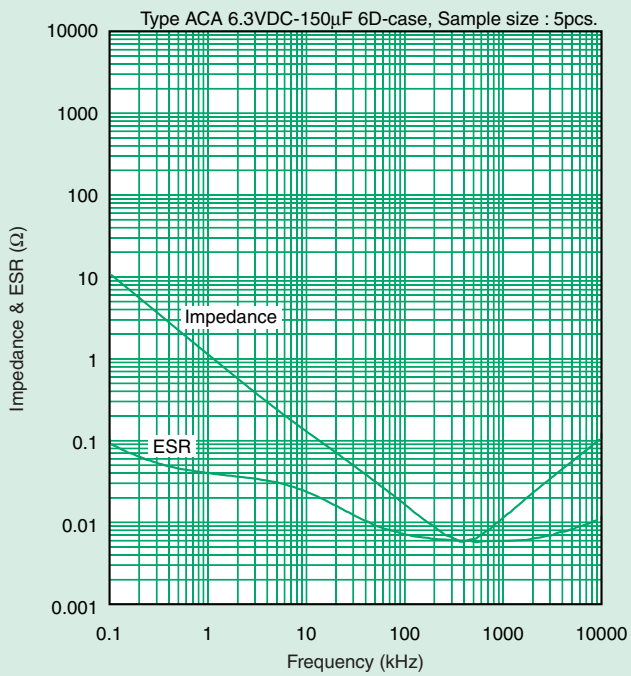
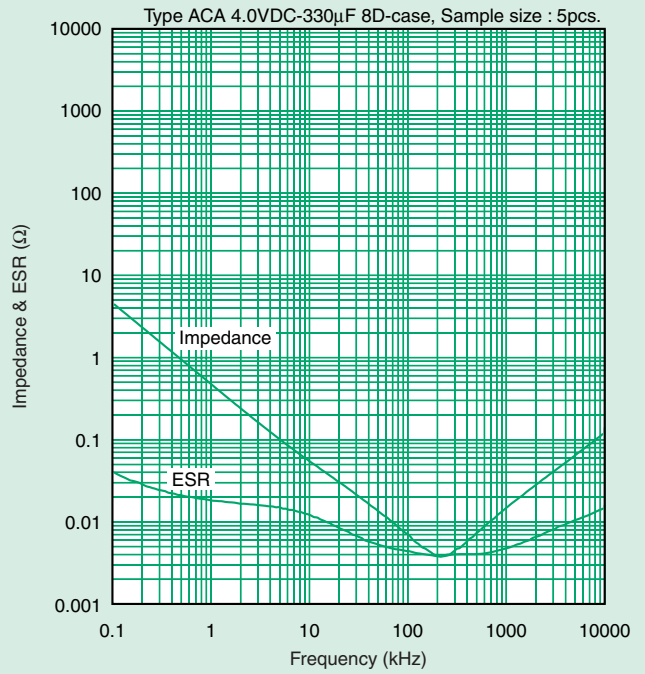
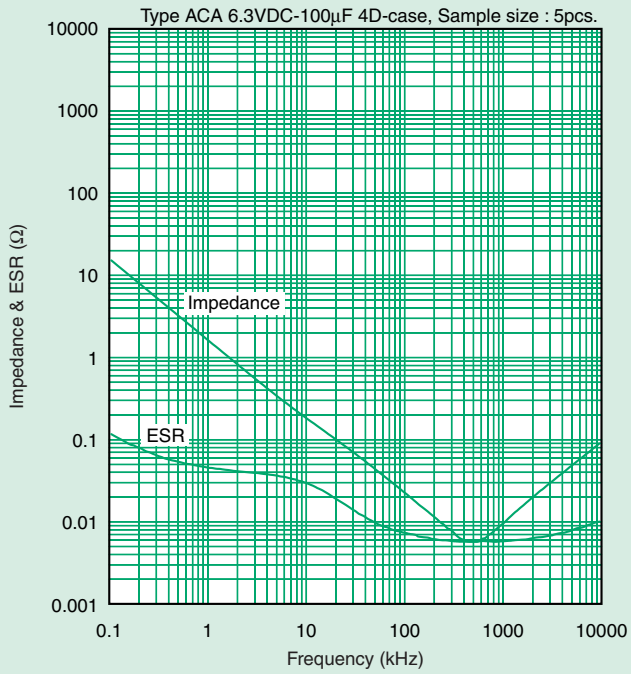
R.V.(VDC) Cap.(μF)	2	2.5	4	6.3	8	10
68			4D	4D	6D	6D
82		4D	4D			
100	4D	4D	4D	4D,6D	8D	8D
150	4D	6D	6D	6D,8D	8D	8D
180		6D,8D	6D,8D	8D		
220	4D,6D	8D	8D			

R.V.(VDC) Cap.(μF)	2	2.5	4	6.3	8	10
270		8D	8D			
330	6D	8D	8D	8D		
390	8D					
470	8D					

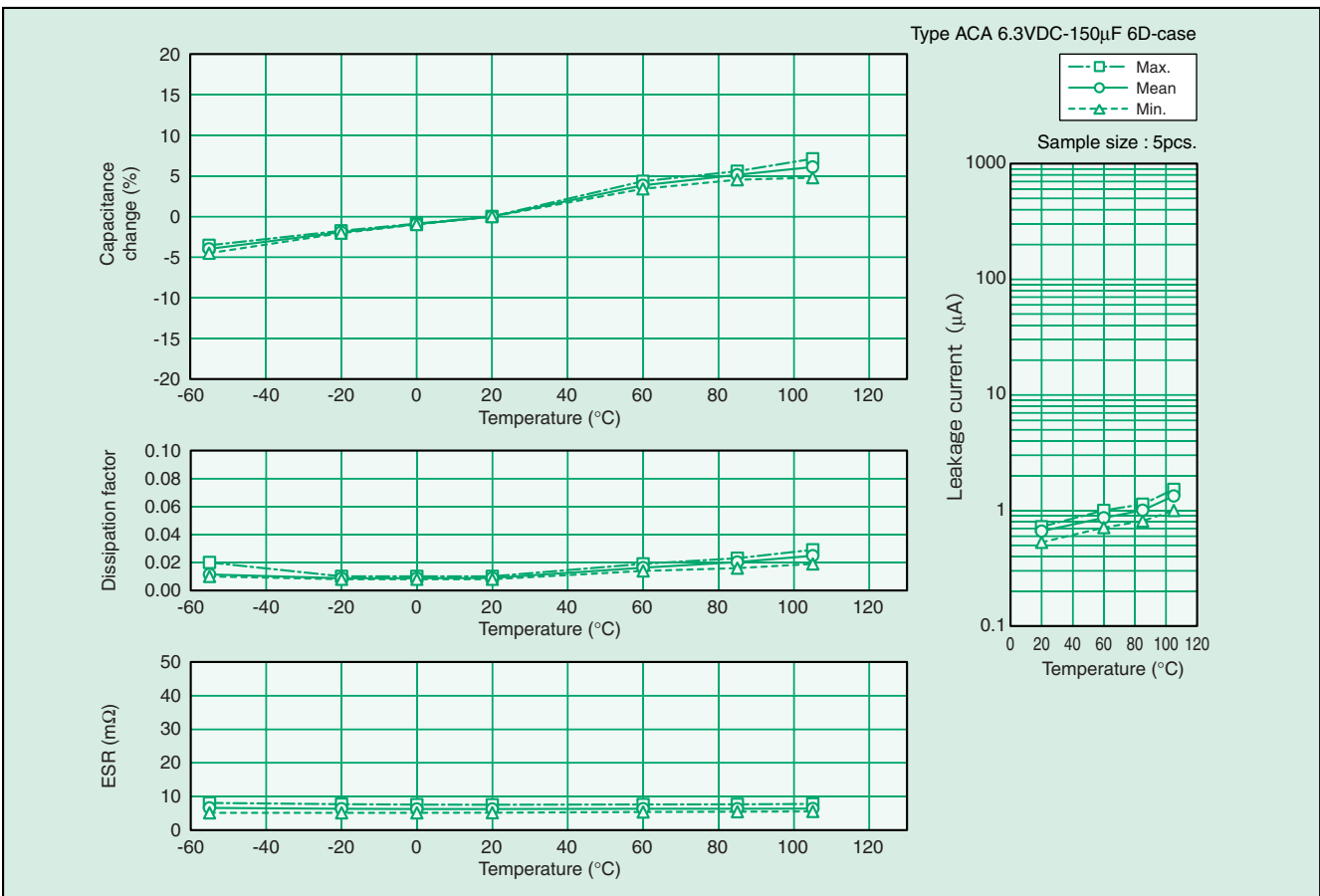
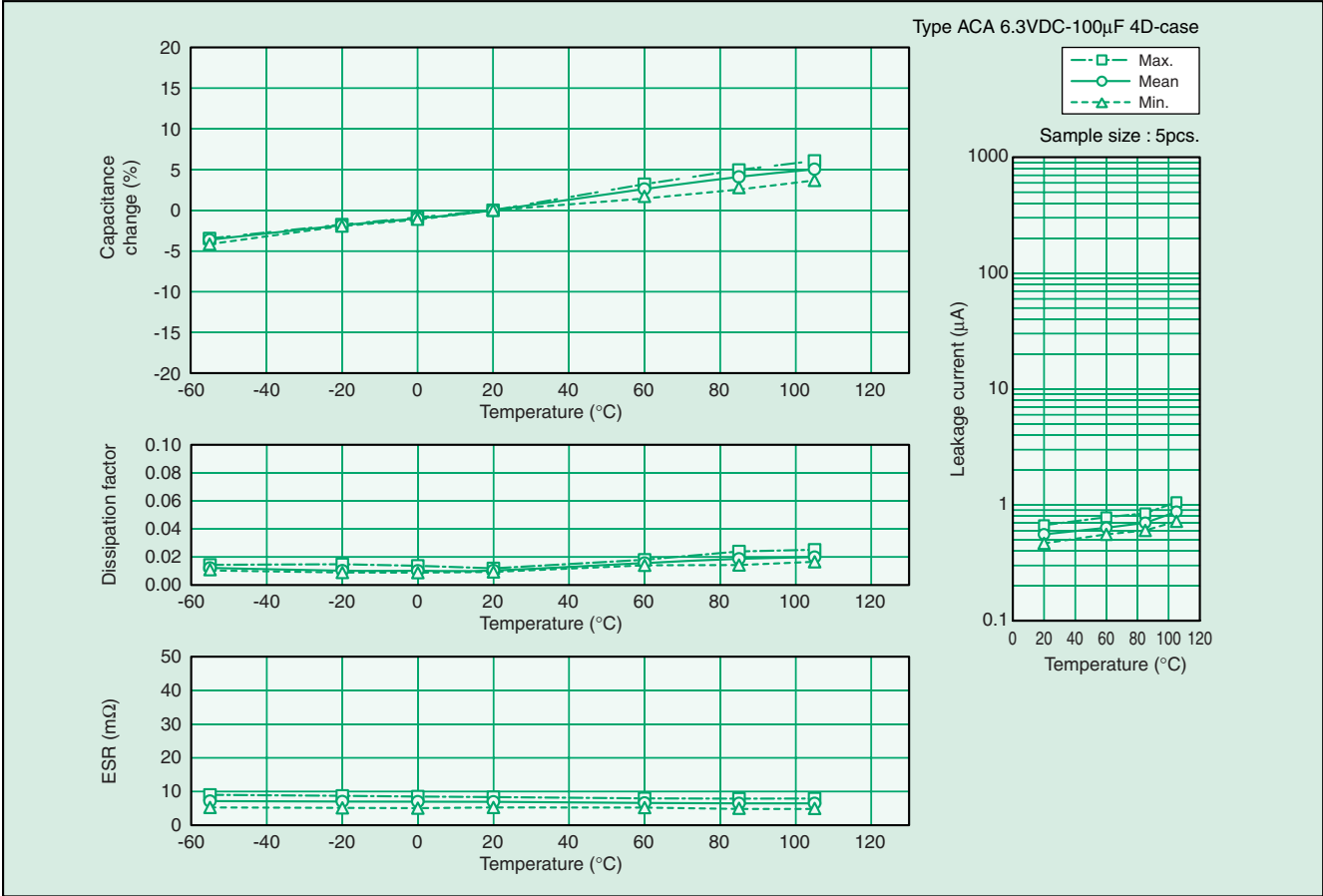
PERFORMANCE

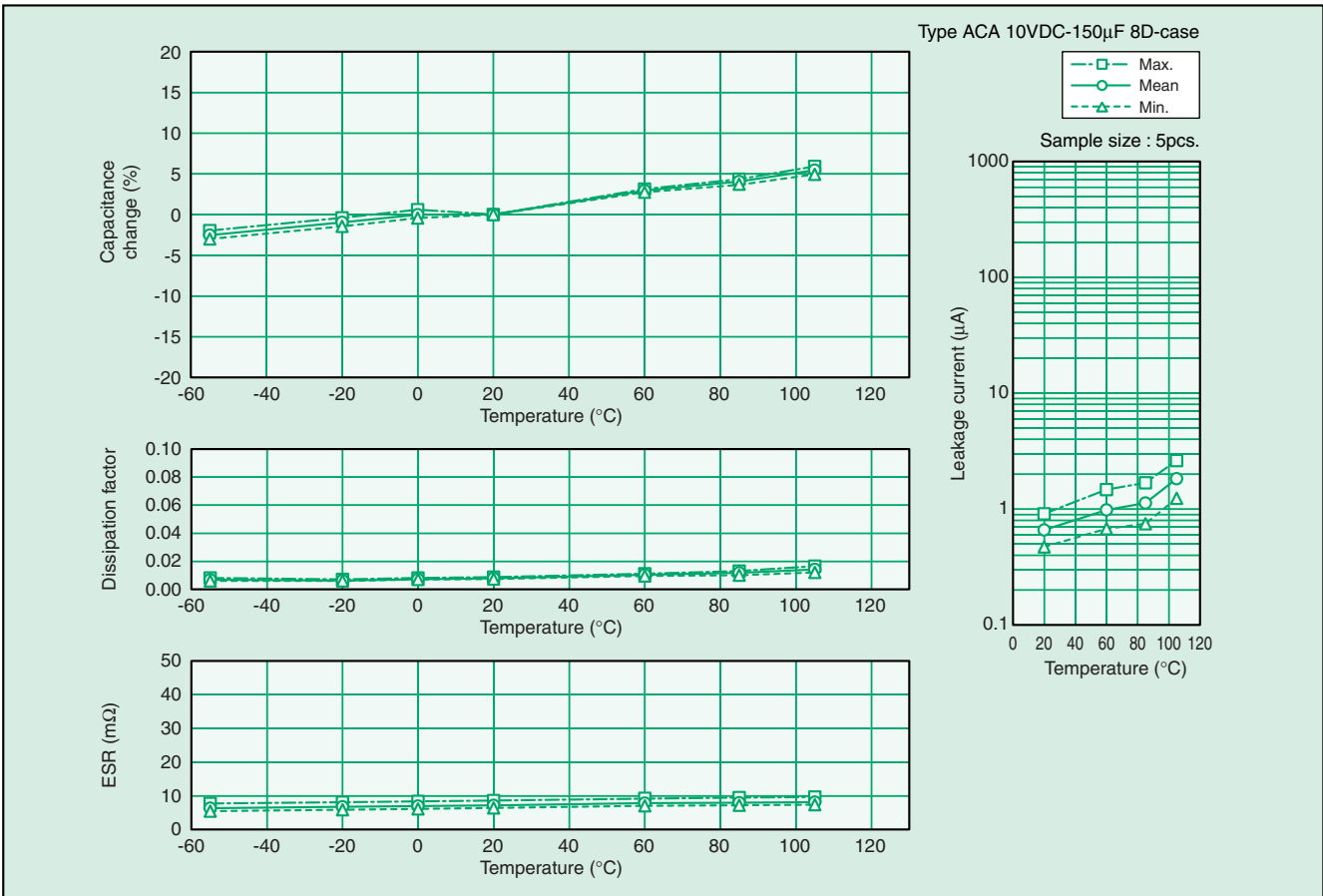
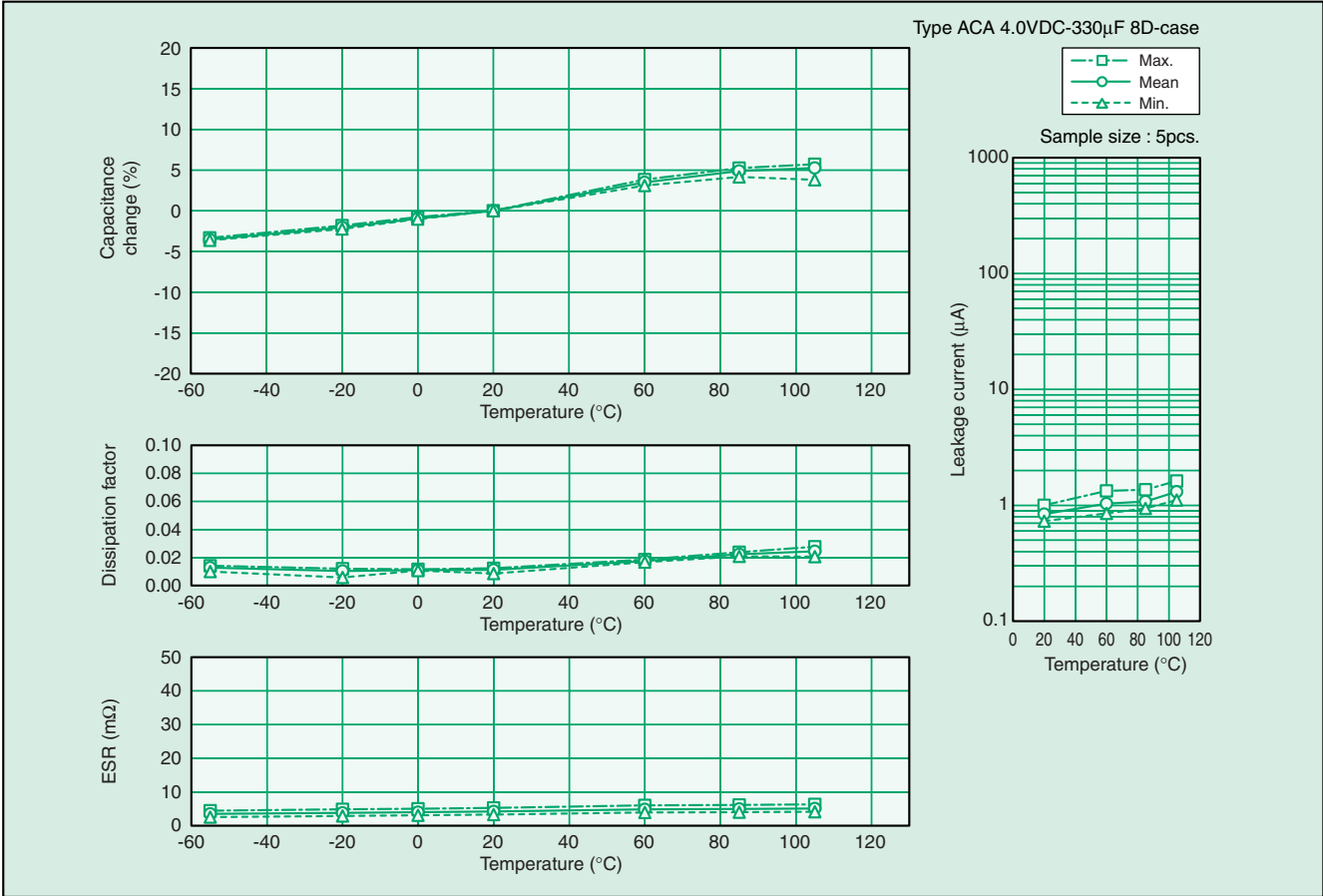
No	Item	Performance	Test Method														
1	Leakage Current (μA)	In case of less than 4R.V., Leakage Current is 0.06CV Max.. In case of more than 6.3R.V., Leakage Current is 0.04CV Max..	JIS C 5101-1 4.9 Applied voltage: Rated voltage for 2 minutes through 1000Ω resistance.														
2	Capacitance (μF)	Shall be within specified tolerance.	JIS C 5101-1 4.7 120Hz														
3	Dissipation Factor	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING.	JIS C 5101-1 4.8 120Hz														
4	Equivalent Series Resistance	Shall not exceed the values shown in CATALOG NUMBERS AND RATING.	EIAJ RC-2460 4.5.4 100kHz														
5	Characteristics at High and Low Temperature	Leakage Current Capacitance Dissipation Factor	JIS C 5101-1 4.29														
	Step 1	Shall not exceed the value in No.1 Within the nominal value specified	20±2°C Shall not exceed the value in No.3														
	Step 2	Within ±15% of the value in Step 1	-55±3°C Shall not exceed the value in No.3														
	Step 3	Shall not exceed the value in No.1 Within ±5% of the value in Step 1	20±2°C Shall not exceed the value in No.3														
	Step 4	Shall not exceed two times of No.1 Within ±20% of the value in Step 1	105±2°C Shall not exceed the value in No.3														
	Step 5	Shall not exceed the value in No.1 Within ±5% of the value in Step 1	20±2°C Shall not exceed the value in No.3														
6	Surge	Leakage Current: Shall not exceed the value in No.1. Capacitance Change: Within ±10% of the value before the test Dissipation Factor: Shall not exceed the value in No.3. Visual Examination: There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage.	JIS C 5101-1 4.26 Temperature: 15~35°C Surge voltage: <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td>Rated voltage(V)</td><td>2</td><td>2.5</td><td>4</td><td>6.3</td><td>8</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>Surge voltage(V)</td><td>2.3</td><td>2.9</td><td>4.6</td><td>7.2</td><td>9.2</td><td>12</td></tr></table> Protective resistance: 1000Ω	Rated voltage(V)	2	2.5	4	6.3	8	10	Surge voltage(V)	2.3	2.9	4.6	7.2	9.2	12
Rated voltage(V)	2	2.5	4	6.3	8	10											
Surge voltage(V)	2.3	2.9	4.6	7.2	9.2	12											
7	Shear (formerly adhesion) Test	No separation of terminal from solder.	JIS C 5101-1 4.34 Reflow Temperature: 240±10°C / Time: 10 seconds or less Force: 5N Duration: 5±1s														
8	Substrate Bending Test	Capacitance: Initial value to remain steady during measurement. Visual Examination: There shall be no evidence of damage.	JIS C 5101-1 4.35 Bending: 3mm														
9	Vibration	Capacitance: Initial value to remain steady during measurement. Visual Examination: There shall be no evidence of damage.	JIS C 5101-1 4.17 Frequency range: 10-55Hz Swing width: 1.5mm Vibration direction: 3 directions with mutually right-angled Duration: 2 hours in each of these mutually perpendicular directions (total 6 hours) Mounting: Solder terminal to the printed board														
10	Shock	There shall be no intermittent contact of 0.5ms or greater, short, or open. Nor shall there be any spark discharge, insulation breakdown, or evidence of mechanical damage.	JIS C 5101-1 4.19 Peak acceleration: 490m/s ² Duration: 11ms Wave form: Half-sine														
11	Solderability	Solder shall completely cover the terminal surface (there shall be no pin holes, nonwetting or solder repelling). However, no plating edges of the terminal shall not be evaluated.	JIS C 5101-1 4.15 Solder temperature: 235±5°C Dipping time: 5±0.5 seconds Dipping depth: Terminal shall be dipped into melted solder														
12	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Leakage Current: Shall not exceed the value in No.1. Capacitance Change: Within ±10% of the value before the test Dissipation Factor: Shall not exceed the value in No.3. Visual Examination: There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage.	EIAJ RC-2460 4.6 IR reflow method Preheat: 160±10°C 120±10s Reflow: 230°C 25~30s Peak 240°C max.														
13	Rapid Change of Temperature	Leakage Current: Shall not exceed the value in No.1. Capacitance Change: Within ±10% of the value before the test Dissipation Factor: Shall not exceed the value in No.3. Visual Examination: There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage.	JIS C5101-1 4.16 Step 1: -55±3°C 30±3 minutes Step 2: 25 (-/5+10) °C, 3 minutes or less Step 3: 105±2°C, 30±3 minutes Step 4: 25 (-/5+10) °C, 3 minutes or less Number of cycle: 5														
14	High Temperature / Moisture	Leakage Current: Shall not exceed 7.5 times the value in No.1. Capacitance Change: Within ⁺⁵⁰ / ₋₂₀ % of the value before the test Dissipation Factor: Shall not exceed two times the value in No.3. Visual Examination: There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage.	JIS C5101-1 4.22 Temperature: 60±2°C Moisture: 90~95%R.H. Duration: 500 (-0/+24) hours														
15	High Temperature / Moisture load	Leakage Current: Shall not exceed the value in No.1. Capacitance Change: Within ⁺⁵⁰ / ₋₂₀ % of the value before the test Dissipation Factor: Shall not exceed two times the value in No.3. Visual Examination: There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage.	JIS C5101-1 4.22 Temperature: 60±2°C Moisture: 90~95%R.H. Applied voltage: Rated voltage Duration: 1000 (-0/+48) hours														
16	High Temperature Storage	Leakage Current: Shall not exceed the value in No.1. Capacitance Change: Within ±10% of the value before the test Dissipation Factor: Shall not exceed the value in No.3. Visual Examination: There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage.	JIS C5101-1 4.25 Temperature: 105±2°C Duration: 1000 (-0/+48) hours														
17	Endurance	Leakage Current: Shall not exceed the value in No.1. Capacitance Change: Within ±10% of the value before the test Dissipation Factor: Shall not exceed the value in No.3. Visual Examination: There shall be no evidence of mechanical damage.	JIS C5101-1 4.23 Temperature: 105±2°C Applied voltage: Rated voltage Duration: 1000 (-0/+48) hours														

FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS

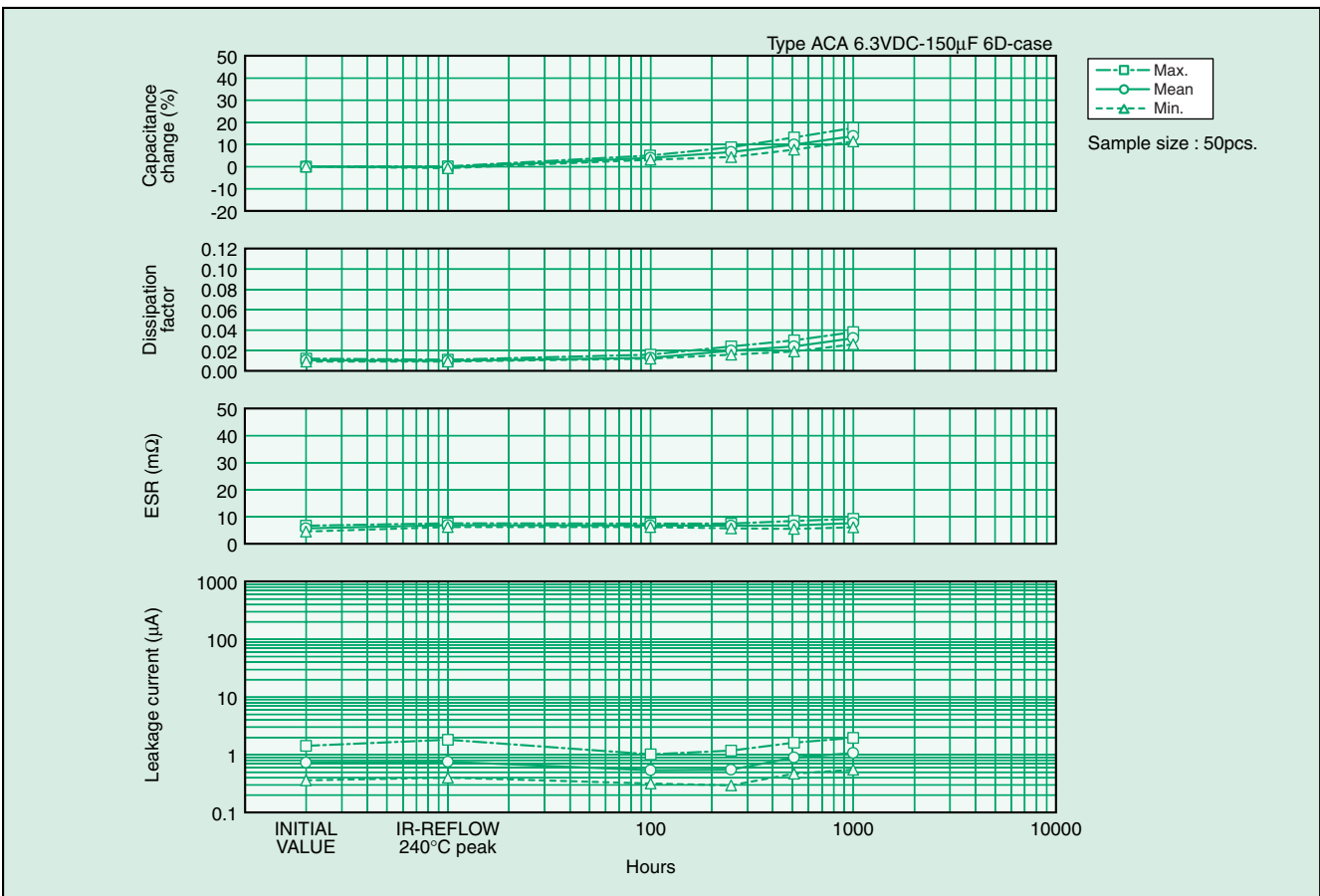
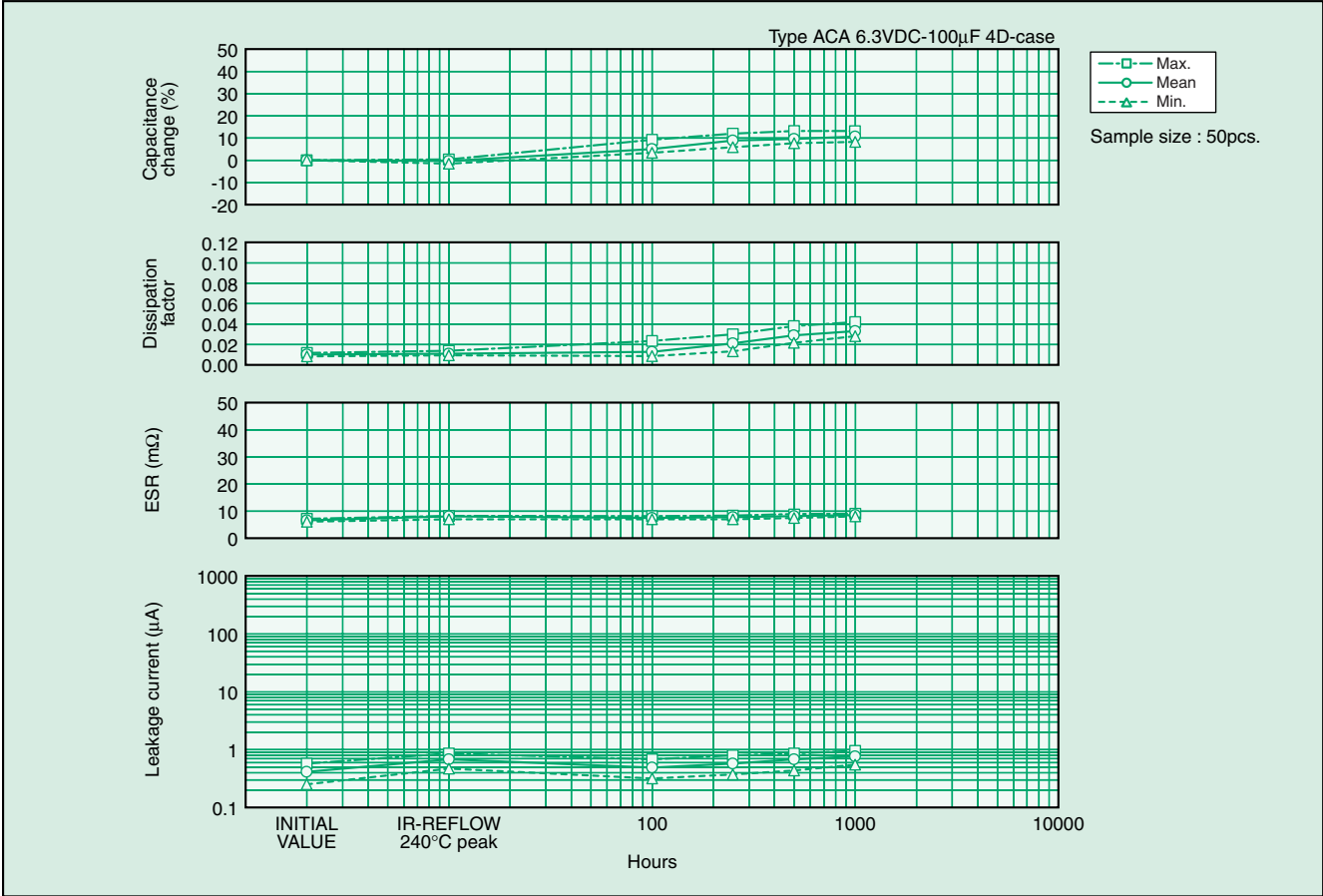


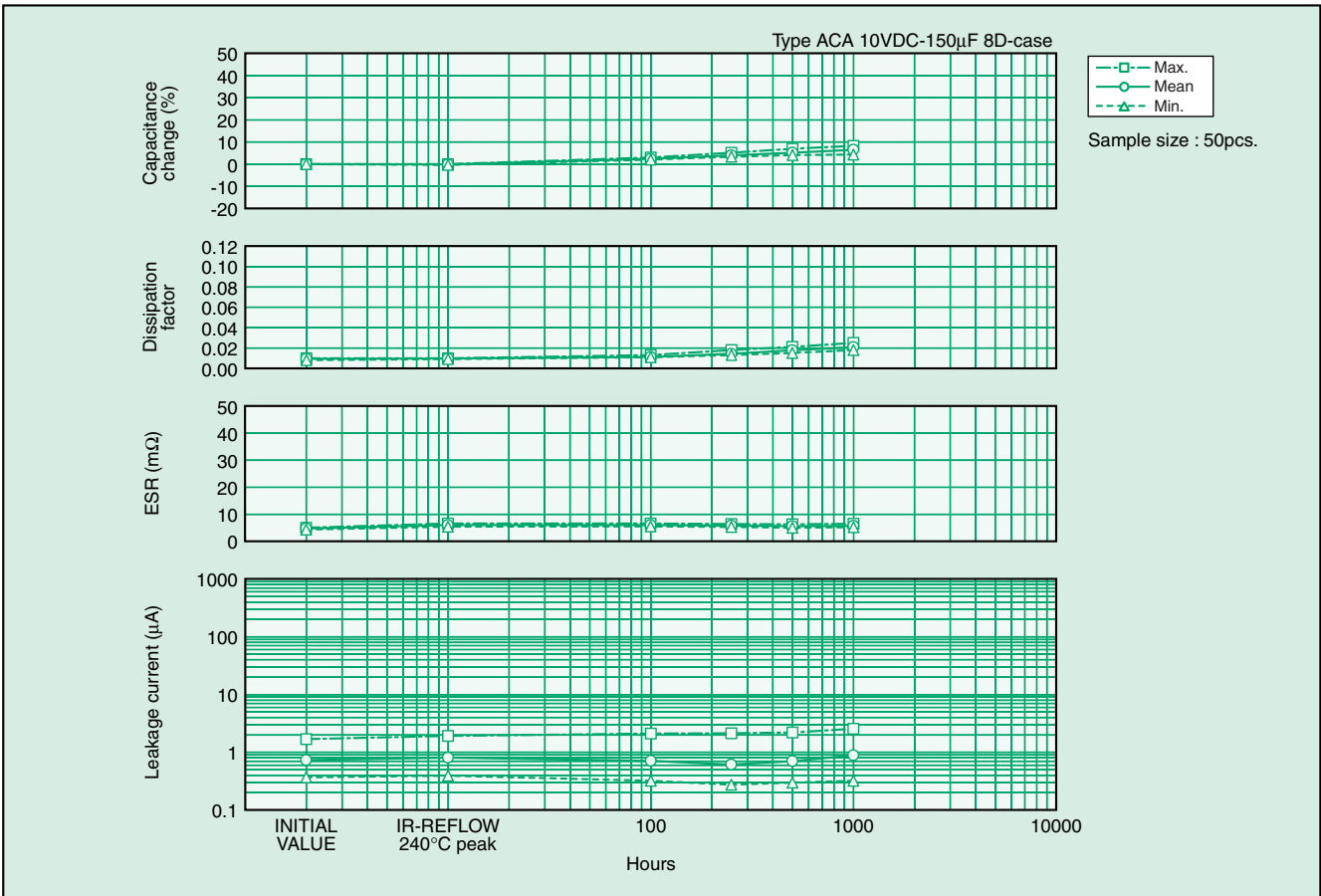
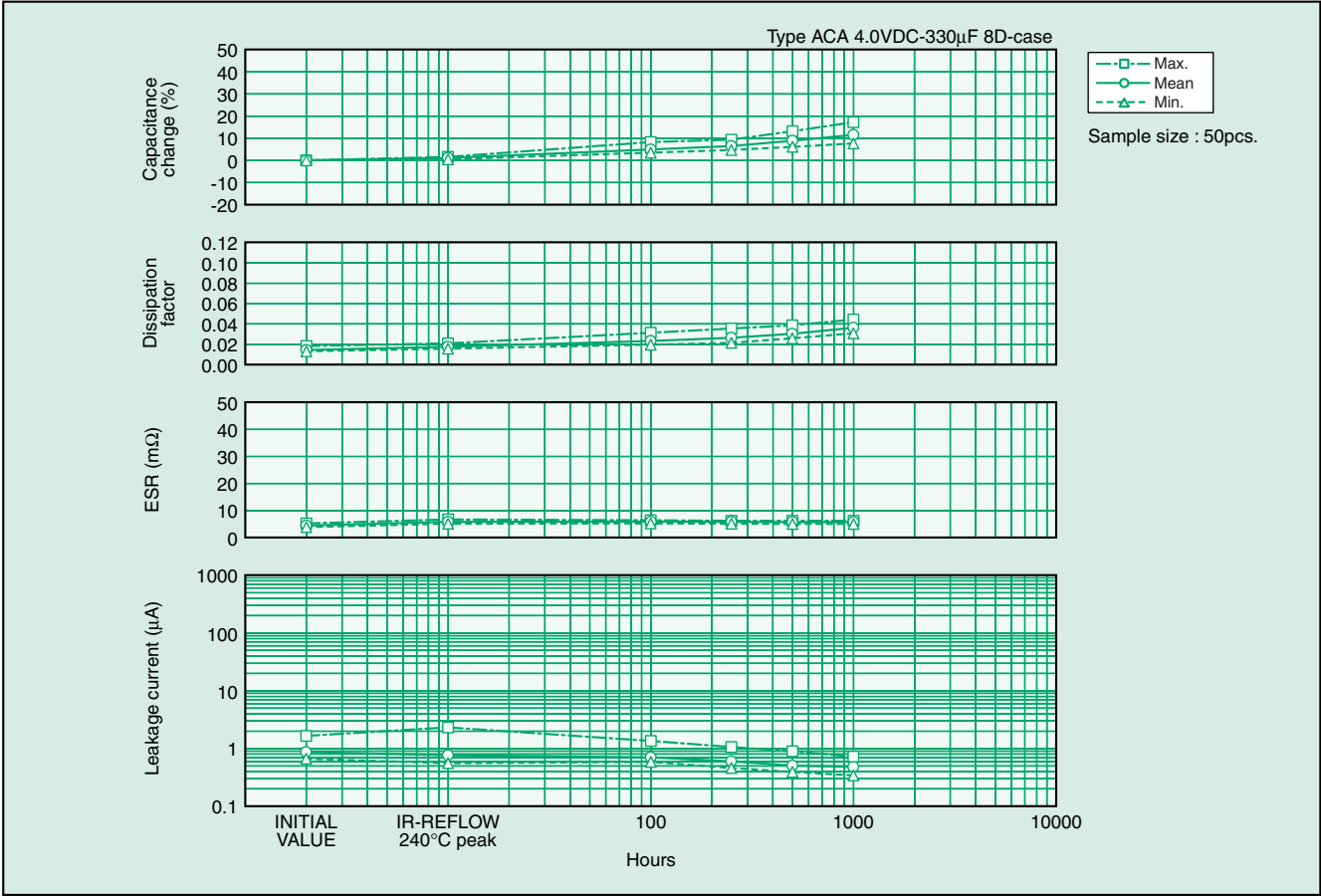
CHARACTERISTICS AT HIGH AND LOW TEMPERATURE



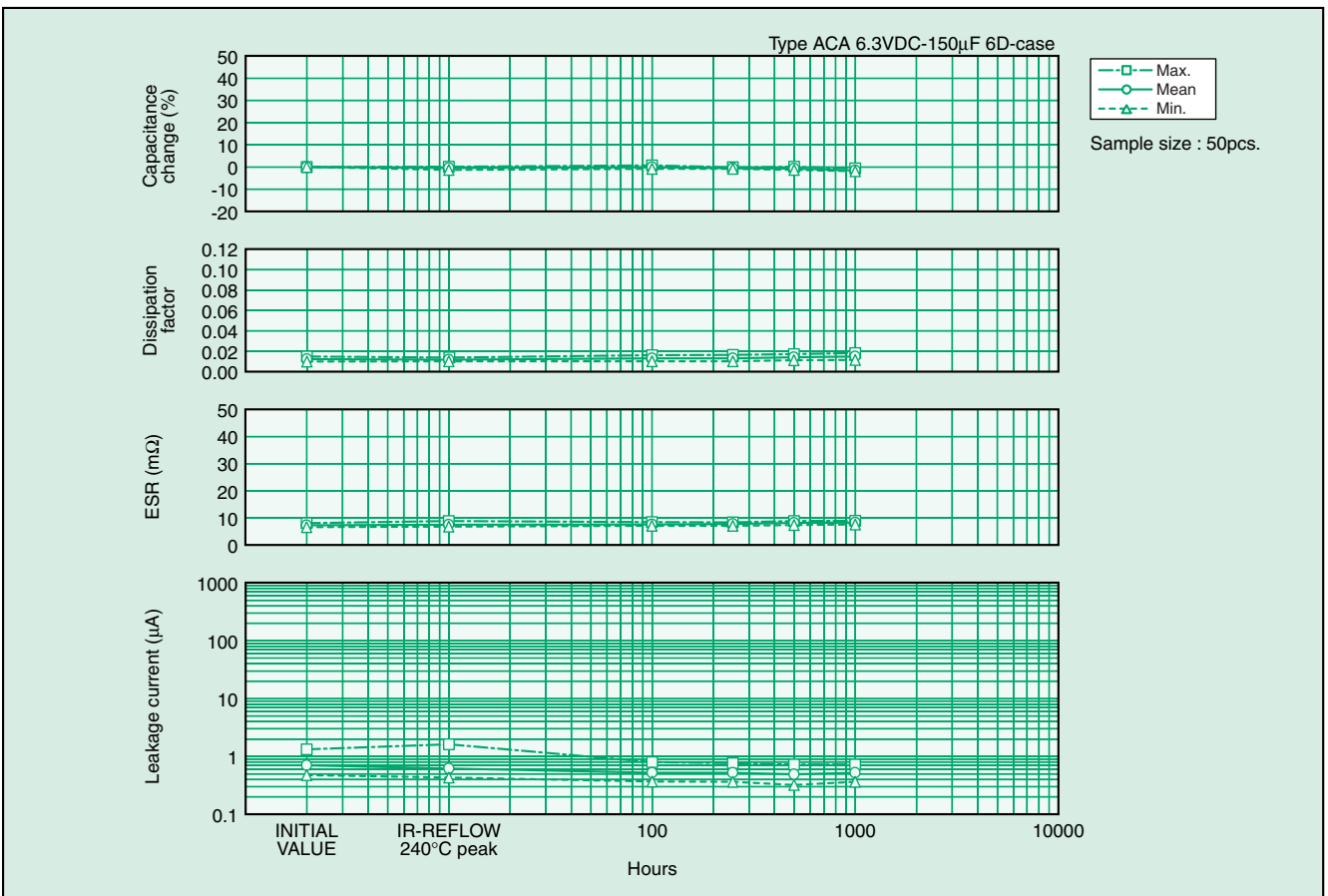
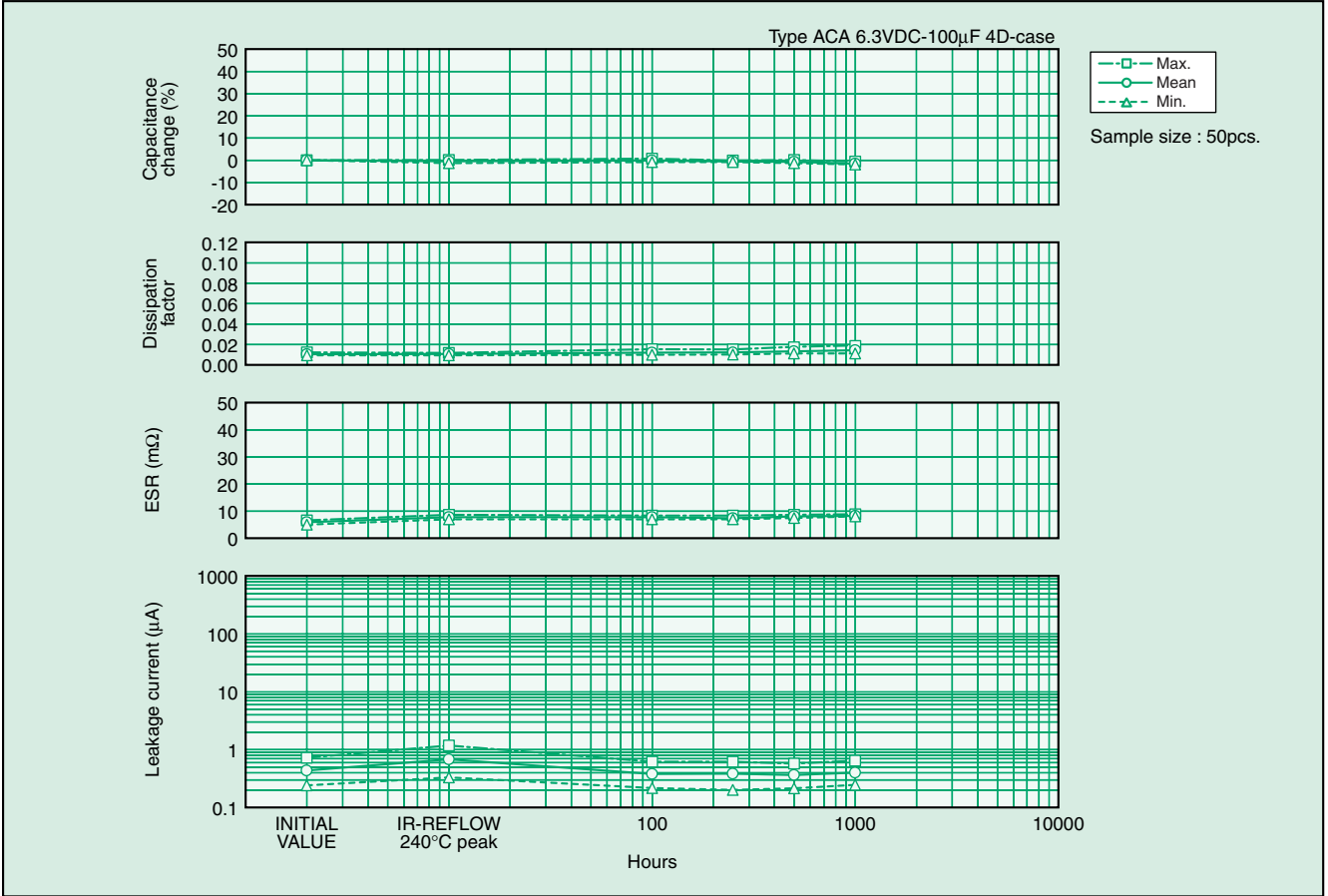


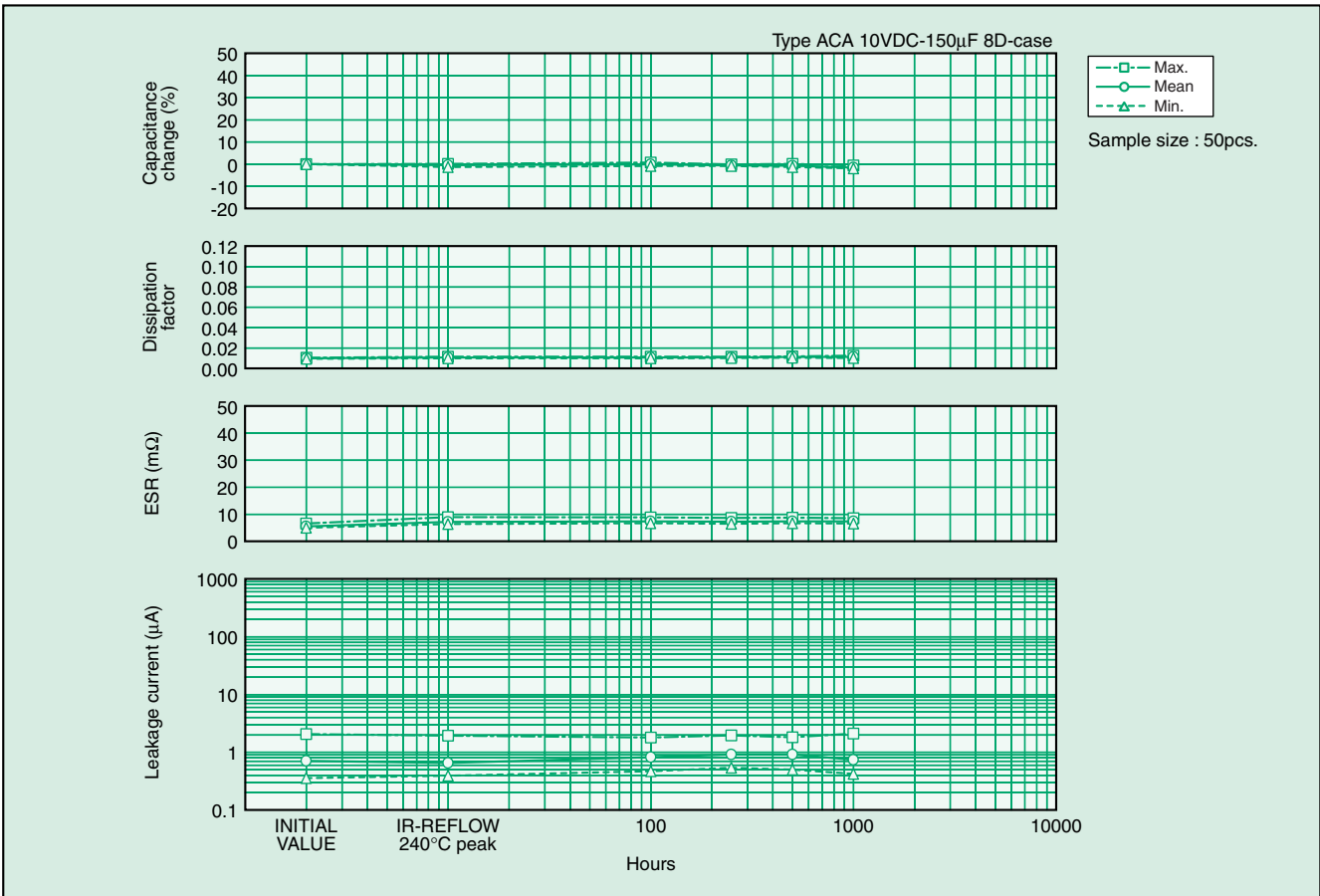
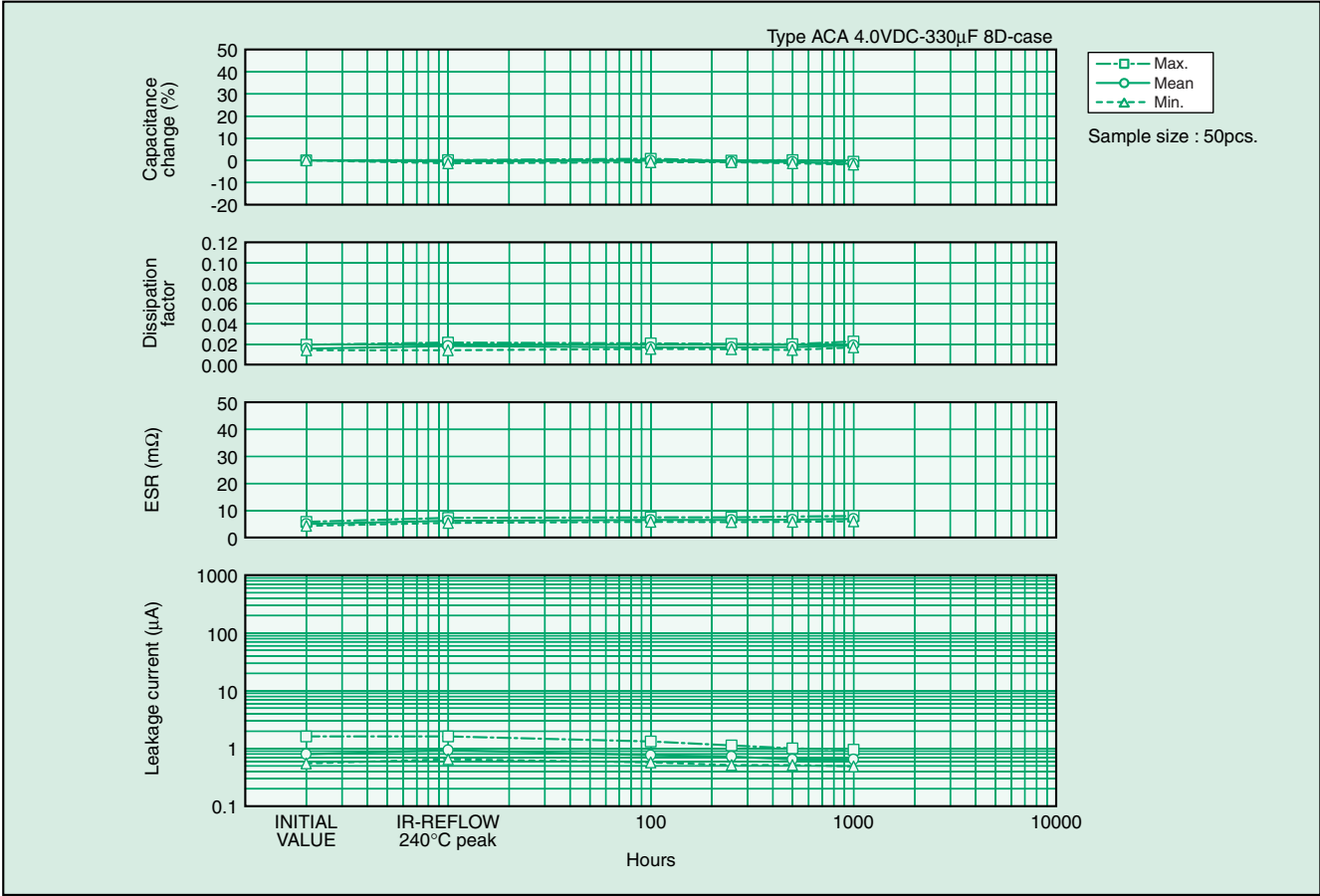
HIGH TEMPERATURE/MOISTURE LOAD 60°C 90% RATED VOLTAGE





ENDURANCE 105°C RATED VOLTAGE





Application Notes for Conductive Polymer Aluminum Solid Electrolytic Capacitor

1. Operating Voltage

Aluminum Capacitor shall be operated at the rated voltage or lower. Over rated voltage applied even for a short time may cause short failure. When designing the circuit, the equipment's required reliability must be considered and appropriate voltage derating must be performed.

2. Application that contain AC Voltage

Special attention to the following 3 items.

- (1) The sum of the DC bias voltage and the positive peak value of the AC voltage should not exceed the rated voltage.
- (2) Reverse voltage should not exceed the allowable values of the negative peak AC voltage (refer page3)
- (3) Ripple voltage should not exceed the allowable values.

3. Reverse Voltage

Special attention to the polar character. Reverse Voltage should not be applied.

4. Permissible Ripple Voltage

Permissible ripple current and voltage is determined by the following formula and influenced by P max value and ESR standard value. Please consult us in case of different frequency.

$$P=I^2 \times ESR \text{ or } P= \frac{E^2 \times ESR}{Z^2}$$

$$\text{Permissible ripple current } I_{max} = \sqrt{\frac{P_{max}}{ESR}} (A_{rms})$$

$$\text{Permissible ripple voltage } E_{max} = \sqrt{\frac{P_{max}}{ESR}} \times Z = I_{max} \times Z (V_{rms})$$

<i>I</i>_{max}	Permissible current at regulated frequency.
<i>E</i>_{max}	Permissible voltage at regulated frequency.
<i>P</i>_{max}	Permissible power less. (W)
<i>ESR</i>	ESR value at regulated frequency. (Ω)
<i>Z</i>	Impedance at regulated frequency. (Ω)

Permissible power loss for each case.

Case size	<i>P</i> _{max} (watt)	
	Ceramic board	Glass epoxy board
4D	0.110	0.072
6D	0.150	0.085
8D	0.165	0.100

Note: Above values are measured at 0.6^t ceramic board-mounting and 0.8^t glass epoxy board mounting in free air and may be changed depending on the kind of board, packing density, and air convection condition. Please consult us if calculated power loss value is different from above list of P max value.

5. Leakage current

Leakage current can be increased by heat and mechanical stress of soldering. Turning on electricity decreases leakage current.

6. Non Polar Connection

Aluminum Solid Electrolytic Capacitor cannot be used as a non-polar unit.

7. Soldering

7.1. Pre-heating

To obtain optimal reliability, lowering the heat shock during the soldering process is favorable. Capacitors should be pre-heated at 130-160°C for approximately 60 seconds.

7.2. Soldering

The body of the capacitor should not exceed 240°C during soldering.

(1) Reflow Soldering

Reflow soldering is a process in which the capacitors are mounted on a printed board with solder paste. Two methods of Reflow Soldering: Direct and Atmospheric Heat

· Direct Heat (Hot plate)

· Atmospheric Heat

a) Near and Far IR Ray

b) Convection Oven

Vapor Phase Soldering and Flow Soldering are not recommended.

(2) Soldering Iron

Soldering with a soldering iron cannot be recommended due to the lack of consistency in maintaining temperatures and process times. If this method should be necessary, the iron should never touch the capacitor's terminals, and the temperature of the soldering iron should never exceed 350°C. The application of the iron should not exceed 3 seconds and 30 watt.

(3) Please consult us for other methods.

8. Solvent Cleaning

Cleaning by organic solvent may damage capacitor's appearance and performance. However, our capacitors are not effected even when soaked at 20-30°C 2-propanol for 5 minutes. When introducing new cleaning methods or changing the cleaning term, please consult us.

9. Ultrasonic cleaning

Ultrasonic cleaning under severe condition may break terminals. Also, from an electrical characteristics aspect, it is unfavorable. Therefore, please do not use ultrasonic cleaning if possible. If the Ultrasonic cleaning process will be used, please note the following.

(1) The solvent should not be boiled. (Lower the ultrasonic wave output or use solvent with the high boiling point.)

(2) The recommended wattage is less than 0.5 watts per cm².

(3) The cleaning time should be kept to a minimum. Also, samples must be swang in the solvent. Please consult us.

10. Storage

Capacitors should be tightly sealed in moisture prevention bag and stored with supplied reel.



MATSUO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Please feel free to ask our Sales Department for more information on the Conductive Polymer Aluminum Solid Electrolytic Capacitor.

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Specifications on this catalog are subject to change without prior notice. Please inquire of our Sales Department to confirm specifications prior to use.